



5

# Common Core State Standards

**Fifth Grade Workbook**

**Grade 5**

- **English Standards**
- **Math Standards**

**Worksheets and Activities  
that teach every standard!**

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**5**

# ● **Common Core State Standards** ●

**Fifth Grade Workbook**

**Grade 5**

● **English Standards**

**Worksheets and Activities  
that teach every standard!**



# ARE YOU SMARTER THAN A 5TH GRADER?

RI.5.4. Determine the meaning of general academic and domain-specific words and phrases in a text relevant to a grade 5 topic or subject area.

Four contestants battle it out during eight rounds of game play to decide who is **Smarter Than A 5<sup>th</sup> Grader!** The youngest player starts by selecting one of eight topics on the **Topic Board**. Once a topic is selected, place nine vocabulary word cards face down on the corresponding board, and the definition cards face up next to the board. Each player takes a turn selecting a vocabulary word and matching the word to its definition. After each player has taken a turn, select another topic and reset the game board. Play continues until all topic rounds have been completed. The player with the most pairs of correct words and definitions is the winner! Use the worksheet to record the eight word and definition pairs you guessed during game play.

Standard: English Language Arts | Reading: Informational Text | RI.5.4

Select a 5<sup>th</sup> grade topic

Math

U.S Expansion

Literary Terms

Life Science

Early America and  
The Colonies

The U.S and  
the World

Force/Motion

Earth and  
Weather

# Math

Select a vocabulary word to define

# Literary Terms

Select a vocabulary word to define

# Early America and the Colonies

Select a vocabulary word to define

# Force / Motion

Select a vocabulary word to define

# Life Science

Select a vocabulary word to define

# U.S Expansion

Select a vocabulary word to define

# Earth and Weather

Select a vocabulary word to define

# The U.S and the World

Select a vocabulary word to define

quotient

The result of dividing  
two numbers

solid figure

A three-dimensional  
figure

dividend

The number that is  
divided

volume

The total amount of  
space in a solid

divisor

The number that the  
dividend will be  
divided by

perpendicular

Two lines that  
intersect and form a  
 $90^\circ$  angle

whole number

A nonnegative  
number with no  
fraction or decimal

parallel

Two lines that do not  
intersect

numerator

The top number in a  
fraction

coordinate plane

The plane formed by  
the intersection of the  
X-axis and Y-axis

denominator

The bottom number in  
a fraction

quadrants

The four sections in a  
coordinate plane

narrator

The person who is telling the story

myth

A traditional story that serves to explain a practice, belief, or natural phenomenon

antagonist

The character that opposes the protagonist

folktale

A tale circulated by word of mouth

protagonist

The leading character

affix

An element placed at the beginning or end of a root word to change its meaning

homonym

Two words with the same spelling and pronunciation but have a different meaning

root

The basic form of a word after all affixes are removed

portray

To depict or represent someone in a story

conjunction

A part of speech that connects words, phrases or sentences

Point of View

The perspective of the narrator or author

preposition

A part of speech that tells about the position of a noun

Northwest  
Passage

A waterway in North  
America thought to  
connect the Atlantic  
and Pacific Ocean

indentured  
servant

A person who agreed  
to work for another  
person without pay for  
a length of time

conquistador

A Spanish conqueror

apprentice

A person who learns a  
trade by training with  
a skilled worker

royal  
colony

A colony ruled  
directly by a Monarch

alliance

A formal agreement among  
nations, states or  
individuals to cooperate

armada

A Spanish fleet of  
warships

delegate

A representative

export

A product that leaves a  
country

Parliament

The lawmaking body  
of the British  
government

import

A product brought into  
a country

Bill of  
Rights

A list of freedoms to  
citizens

colonist

A person who lives in a land ruled by a distant country

The Revolutionary War

A war between the American colonies and Britain for independence

colony

A land ruled by a distant country

Patriot

A colonist against British rule who supported the colonies

burgess

A representative in the legislature of colonial Virginia or Maryland

Federalist

A citizen who wanted a strong national government and was in favor of ratifying the Constitution

legislature

The lawmaking branch of government

Anti-Federalist

A citizen who was against the ratification of the Constitution

Puritan

A member of the Church of England who settled in North America

Loyalist

A person who supported the British government during the American Revolution

Great Awakening

A movement that called for greater freedom of choice in religion

The Constitution

The supreme law of the United States

The  
Louisiana  
Purchase

The Louisiana  
Territory that was  
purchased from  
France in 1803

gold rush

A sudden rush of new  
people to an area  
where gold has been  
found

doctrine

A government plan of  
action

Industrial  
Revolution

The period of time in  
which machines took  
place of hand tools in  
manufacturing

nationalism

Pride in one's country

cotton gin

A machine invented by Eli  
Whitney that removed seeds  
and hulls from cotton

War Hawk

A member of Congress  
who wanted war with  
Britain

Interchangeable  
parts

Identical copies of  
parts made by  
machines

manifest  
destiny

The belief that the U.S  
should stretch from the  
Atlantic to Pacific  
Oceans

supply

The amount of product  
or service that is  
available

forty-niner

A gold seeker who  
arrived in California in  
1849

demand

The need or want for a  
product or service

free state

A state that did not allow slavery before the Civil War

The Civil War

A war between the Union and Confederate states

sectionalism

Loyalty to an area

Reconstruction

The time after the Civil War in which the South was rebuilt

tariff

A tax on goods brought into a country

carpetbagger

A Northerner who moved to the South to take part in Reconstruction governments

abolitionist

A person who wanted to end slavery

segregation

The practice of keeping people in separate groups based on race

emancipation

The freeing of enslaved peoples

sharecropping

A system of working the land in which the worker was paid with a share of the crop

Confederacy

A group of 11 states that left the Union

transcontinental railroad

The railway line that crossed North America

armistice

An agreement to stop fighting a war

dictatorship

A form of government where a leader has complete control of the government

imperialism

When one country imposes authority and governs another territory

relocation camp

A temporary settlement where Japanese Americans were forced to live during WWII

civil rights

Rights guaranteed to all citizens by the Constitution

Pearl Harbor

A surprise military attack by the Japanese

isolation

The policy of remaining separate from other countries

Cold War

Opposing nations attack each other using propaganda rather than weapons

assembly line

A system of mass production

Communism

A system in which the government owns all land/business and people have few rights

The Great Depression

A worldwide tragedy of little economic growth after the stock market crash of 1929

Holocaust

The mass murder of people of European Jewish descent during World War II

acceleration

Change in velocity  
with respect to time

inclined  
plane

A slanted surface used  
to move objects higher  
or lower

action

The force one object  
applies on another  
object

inertia

The tendency of an object  
to stay in motion if  
moving or stay at rest if  
not moving

unbalanced  
forces

When two forces  
cancel each other out

mass

A measure of the amount of  
matter in an object

force

A push or pull exerted  
by one object on  
another

velocity

The speed and  
direction of a moving  
object

friction

A force that opposes  
the motion of an object

weight

The force of gravity  
between Earth and an  
object

gravity

The force of attraction  
between any two  
objects due to their  
mass

simple machines

Devices with few  
moving parts that  
make work easier to  
do

abiotic factor

A nonliving part of an ecosystem

community

All living things in an ecosystem

adaptation

A characteristic that enables a living thing to survive in its environment

consumer

An animal that eats other organisms, such as plants or animals for energy

biome

An ecosystem with its own climate, soil, plants and animals

decomposer

Fungi or bacteria that break down dead plants and animals into useful things like minerals and rich soil

biotic factor

A living part of an ecosystem

ecosystem

All living and nonliving things in an environment

carnivore

An animal that eats another animal

extinct

A species that has died out completely

climate

The average weather pattern of a region

food chain

The path of the energy in food from one organism to another

habitat

The place where a plant or animal lives

grassland

A biome in which grasses are the main plant source; Prairies are grasslands

herbivore

An animal that eats plants and other producers

savanna

A tropical grassland with some trees and shrubs

omnivore

An animal that eats both plants and animals

taiga

A cool forest biome of conifers in the upper Northern Hemisphere

organism

Any living thing that can carry out its life on its own

tundra

Large, treeless plain with frozen ground in the arctic regions

predator

An animal that hunts other animals

tropical  
rainforest

A hot biome near the equator, with much rain and variety of life

prey

A living thing that is hunted for food

deciduous  
forest

A forest biome with many kinds of trees that lose their leaves in autumn

air mass

A large region of the atmosphere where the air has similar properties throughout

deposition

The dropping off of bits of eroded rock

air pressure

The force put on a given area by the weight of the air above it

erosion

The picking up and carrying away of pieces of rock

anemometer

A device that measures wind speed

fault

A crack in Earth's crust whose sides show evidence of motion

atmosphere

The blanket of gases that surrounds Earth

front

A boundary between air masses with different temperatures

barometer

A device for measuring air pressure

humidity

The amount of water vapor in the air

cold front

A front where cold air moves in under a warm air mass

luster

The way light bounces off a mineral's surface

metamorphic  
rock

A rock formed under  
heat and pressure

thunder

The noise caused by  
lightning-heated air  
during a  
thunderstorm

mineral

A solid material of  
Earth's crust with a  
definite composition

troposphere

The layer of the  
atmosphere closest to  
Earth's surface

plate

One of the moving pieces  
of Earth's crust

warm front

A front where warm air  
moves in over a cold air  
mass

rock cycle

Rocks changing from  
one into another in a  
never-ending process

condensation

The changing of gas  
into a liquid

sediment

Pieces of material  
carried and deposited  
by water or wind

evaporation

The changing of a  
liquid into a gas

sedimentary  
rock

A rock made up of bits  
of rock joined together

water cycle

The continuous  
movement of water  
between Earth's  
surface and air

Name \_\_\_\_\_

**Directions:** Write down the word and definition pairs you played during each of the 8 rounds of *Are You Smarter Than a 5<sup>th</sup> Grader?*

<b>Word</b>	<b>Definition</b>	<b>Word</b>	<b>Definition</b>

# Word Meaning

**Directions:** Read about a historical or scientific event. Write key vocabulary words from the text. Choose one vocabulary word from the list and write its synonyms and antonyms, definition and other forms of the word, and finally, a sentence that illustrates the word's meaning.

Vocabulary

Synonyms

Antonyms

My Word

Definition

Other Forms

My Sentence

Level: Fifth Grade

Name: \_\_\_\_\_

# A Word's Meaning

**Directions:** Read a historical or scientific text. Write a key vocabulary word from the text. Write its synonyms and antonyms, and other things that are like it to show understanding of the word's meaning.

Text: \_\_\_\_\_

Author: \_\_\_\_\_

word

synonyms

things that are like this

antonyms

```
graph TD; word[word] --- synonyms[synonyms]; word --- things[things that are like this]; word --- antonyms[antonyms]; synonyms --- box1[ ]; things --- box2[ ]; antonyms --- box3[ ]
```

# Common Core State Standards

Conduct short research projects that use several sources to build knowledge through investigation of different aspects of a topic.

# Research

# &

# Report

**Directions:** Choose a topic card (rectangle) and four detail cards (oval). Use the note-taking paper to record your research sources and information on each detail. Use your notes to write a short essay or presentation about your topic.

**Standard:** Conduct short research projects that use several sources to build knowledge through investigation of different aspects of a topic.

**COUNTRIES**

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**Cambodia**

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**Columbia**

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d'Ivoire**

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**language**

**religion**

**family  
structure**

**traditional  
foods**

**geography**

**climate and  
weather**

**native  
plants and  
animals**

**money**

**wars**

**natural  
resources**

**EXTINCT  
ANIMALS**

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**Caribbean  
monk seal**

[www.CoreCommonStandards.com](http://www.CoreCommonStandards.com)

**Chinese  
river  
dolphin**

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**Columbian  
grebe**

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**dodo**

[www.CoreCommonStandards.com](http://www.CoreCommonStandards.com)

**golden toad**

[www.CoreCommonStandards.com](http://www.CoreCommonStandards.com)

**great auk**

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**passenger  
pigeon**

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**Pyrenean  
ibex**

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**range**

**years in  
existence**

**food chain**

**predators**

**prey**

**body  
structure  
and  
covering**

**reason for  
extinction**

**habitat**

**human  
interaction**

**size**

**U.S.  
NATIONAL  
PARKS &  
MONUMENTS**

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**Carlsbad  
Caverns**

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**Craters of  
the Moon**

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**Death  
Valley**

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**Denali  
National  
Park**

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**Devil's  
Tower**

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**Everglades  
National  
Park**

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**Glacier  
National  
Park**

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**Golden Spike  
National  
Historic Site**

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**Grand  
Canyon**

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**Navajo  
National  
Monument**

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**Pipestone  
National  
Monument**

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**Saguaro  
National  
Forest**

[www.CoreCommonStandards.com](http://www.CoreCommonStandards.com)

**Sequoia  
National  
Forest**

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**Theodore  
Roosevelt  
Nat'l Park**

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**Yellowstone  
National  
Park**

[www.CoreCommonStandards.com](http://www.CoreCommonStandards.com)

**Yosemite  
National  
Park**

[www.CoreCommonStandards.com](http://www.CoreCommonStandards.com)

**Zion  
National  
Park**

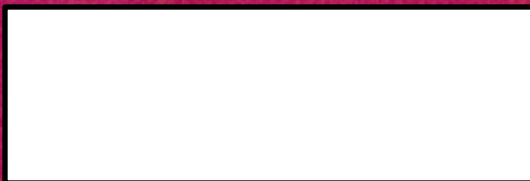
[www.CoreCommonStandards.com](http://www.CoreCommonStandards.com)



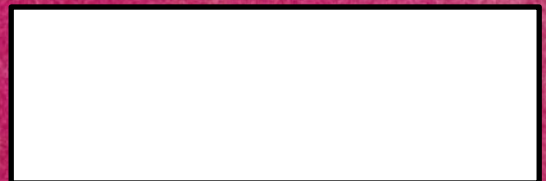
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**location**

**area in square miles**

**year established**

**notable features**

**visitors per year**

**climate and weather**

**established by which president**

**reason established**

**regional significance**

**impact on state tourism**

**NATIONAL  
SYMBOLS &  
LANDMARKS**

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**Constitution  
Hall**

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**Liberty Bell**

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**Lincoln  
Memorial**

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**Monticello**

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**Mount  
Rushmore**

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**Mount  
Vernon**

[www.CoreCommonStandards.com](http://www.CoreCommonStandards.com)

**Statue of  
Liberty**

[www.CoreCommonStandards.com](http://www.CoreCommonStandards.com)

**Washington  
Monument**

[www.CoreCommonStandards.com](http://www.CoreCommonStandards.com)

**The White  
House**

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**location**

**year built**

**historic  
significance**

**designed by  
whom**

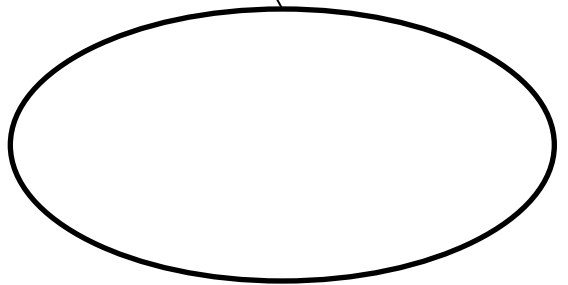
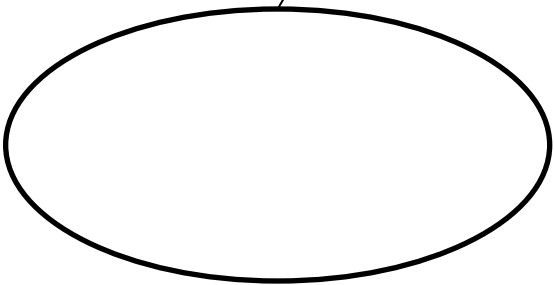
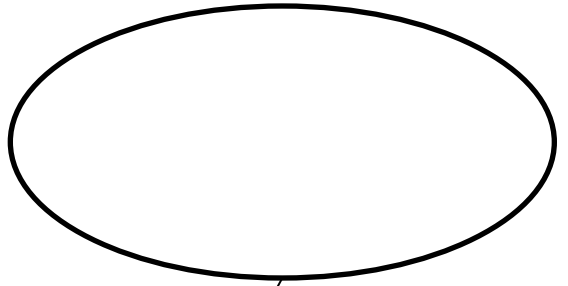
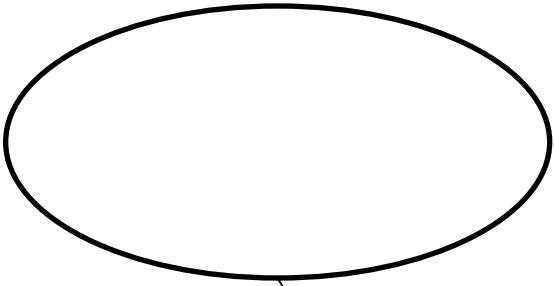
**built by  
whom**

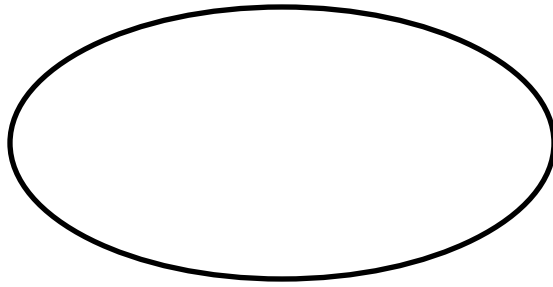
**size and  
dimensions**

**building  
materials**

**cost**

Name \_\_\_\_\_





Source:

---

---

---

---

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Notes:

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# Research Projects

**Directions:** Using different sources, conduct a research project on an important invention. Provide information about the inventor, how the item works, and why the invention is important.

The \_\_\_\_\_ was invented by \_\_\_\_\_ in the year \_\_\_\_\_.

This invention was created by: \_\_\_\_\_

Some information about the inventor and where the item was invented: \_\_\_\_\_

Information about the invention: (What it does, how it works, description...) \_\_\_\_\_

The importance of the invention: (Is it still used today? Has it changed?) \_\_\_\_\_

Resources: \_\_\_\_\_

# Research Projects

**Directions:** Choose a topic to research. Use various research tools to learn about your topic and obtain information to present to others. Include a bibliography to cite your resources. Use this sheet to help you write your bibliography.

## For a Book:

Author Name: \_\_\_\_\_,  
(last) (first) (second name or initial)

Second Author: \_\_\_\_\_,  
(last) (first) (second name or initial)

Title Underlined: \_\_\_\_\_

Location Book was Published: \_\_\_\_\_

Publisher Name: \_\_\_\_\_

Copyright Date: \_\_\_\_\_

Example: Cox, Clinton. Mark Twain America's Humorist, Dreamer, Prophet: a Biography.  
New York Scholastic, 1995.

## For the Internet:

Author Name: \_\_\_\_\_,  
(last) (first) (second name or initial)

Second Author: \_\_\_\_\_,  
(last) (first) (second name or initial)

Web article title in quotes: \_\_\_\_\_

Website Title Underlined: \_\_\_\_\_

Date website was accessed by you \_\_\_\_\_

Website url: \_\_\_\_\_

Example: Blount, Roy. "Mark Twain: Our Original Superstar." Time Magazine U.S. 2008.  
Time Magazine Online. 3 July, 2008.  
<http://www.time.com/time/magazine/article/0,9171,1820166,00.html>

**Directions:** Choose a topic to research. Use various research tools to learn about your topic and obtain information to present to others. Include a bibliography to cite your resources. Use this sheet to help you write your bibliography.

**For a Magazine Article:**

Author Name: \_\_\_\_\_,  
(last) (first) (second name or initial)

Article title in quotes: \_\_\_\_\_

Name of Magazine Underlined: \_\_\_\_\_

Date on magazine cover: \_\_\_\_\_

Pages numbers of article: \_\_\_\_\_

Example: Canton, Alex. "Mark Twain: Humorist." Horn Book, September 3, 2007.  
pages 45 – 49

**Personal Interview:**

Name of Interviewee: \_\_\_\_\_,  
(last) (first) (second name or initial)

Type and Topic of Interview: (phone, person, email: \_\_\_\_\_

Place of Interview: \_\_\_\_\_

Date of Interview: \_\_\_\_\_

Example: Steinau, Christa. Personal Interview on the War in Germany, Providence, RI.  
June 6, 2012

**For a Video or DVD:**

Title of Video or DVD Underlined: \_\_\_\_\_

Name of the Director: \_\_\_\_\_  
(last) (first) (second name or initial)

Name of the Distributor: \_\_\_\_\_

Year Published: \_\_\_\_\_

Example: Magic School Bus Going Batty. Jacobs, Larry. Scholastic. 1994

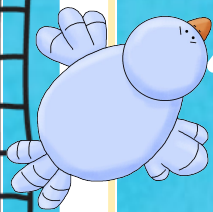
# Common Core State Standards

Use knowledge of language and its conventions when writing, speaking, reading, or listening.

- Expand, combine, and reduce sentences for meaning, reader/listener interest, and style.
- Compare and contrast the varieties of English (e.g., *dialects, registers*) used in stories, dramas, or poems.



L.5.3. Use knowledge of language and its conventions when writing, speaking, reading or listening.  
-Expand, combine, and reduce sentences for meaning, reader/listener interest, and style.



# tweeter

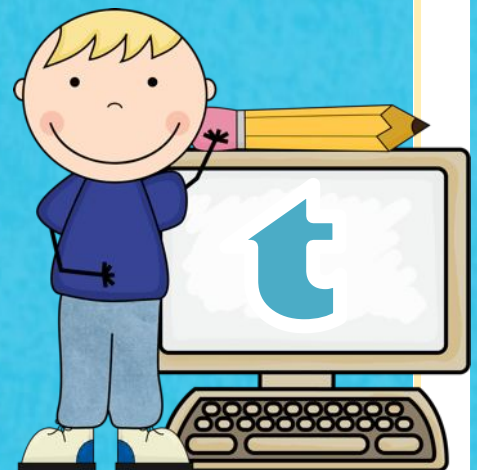
What are you doing?

## @5thgraders

Place the mini-tweet cards on each person's tweeter page. Read a tweet from each person. Each tweet must either be expanded with more details or reduced by combining and rewriting sentences. The hash tag (#) at the end of the tweet will instruct you to either expand or reduce the tweet. Remember, tweets must be short, to the point, and most importantly, interesting to the reader!

Write down the updated tweets you have written by re-tweeting them on the recording sheet.

**#Fun #Language Arts**



Standard: English Language Arts | Language | L.5.3

Graphics by ScrappinDoodles

[www.CoreCommonStandards.com](http://www.CoreCommonStandards.com)

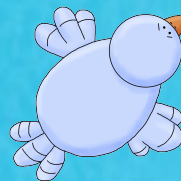
# tweeter



@5thGraders

Follow me on Tweeter!

Place my tweet cards here.



Page 1



@5thGraders

Follow me on Tweeter!

Place my tweet cards here.



@5thGraders

Follow me on Tweeter!

Place my tweet cards here.



@5thGraders

Follow me on Tweeter!

Place my tweet cards here.

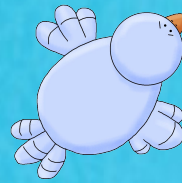
# tweeter



@5thGraders

Follow me on Tweeter!

Place my tweet cards here.



Page 2



@5thGraders

Follow me on Tweeter!

Place my tweet cards here.



@5thGraders

Follow me on Tweeter!

Place my tweet cards here.



@5thGraders

Follow me on Tweeter!

Place my tweet cards here.



A



@5thgraders

Season 4 of my favorite TV show is starting tonight! It is my friend Jason's favorite show too! We can't wait!

**#reduce #combine**

B



@5thgraders

I just bought a dress!

**#expand #Add Details**

D

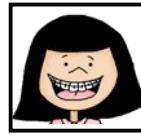


@5thgraders

I have a new dog named Spot.

**#expand #Add Details**

C



@5thgraders

My electricity went out during the thunderstorm. The electricity was working fine, but then the thunderstorm knocked it out about 20 minutes ago. **#reduce**

F



@5thgraders

My favorite singer is on stage.

**#expand #Who? #Add Details**

E



@5thgraders

I learned so much in Math class today. In Science, I also learned a lot.

**#combine**

G



@5thgraders

During my baseball game, I hit three homeruns. I struck out once. At the end, I stole a base.

**#reduce**

H



@5thgraders

My mom is taking me shopping!

**#expand #Where? #When? #Add Details**

I



@5thgraders

I went to the movies today. I saw my friend Kim there. My friend Joe was also there.

We decided to sit together.

**#reduce #combine**

J

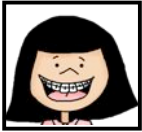


@5thgraders

The weather was so nice today! I decided to go for a walk in the park. I played baseball in the park before dinner.

**#combine**

K



@5thgraders

Oh no! I need to buy a gift for my Dad!

**#expand #Why? #When?  
#Add Details**

L



@5thgraders

I have a book report due in English tomorrow, and I have to practice for my flute recital, and I just remembered I have to do the dishes.

**#reduce**

M



@5thgraders

I couldn't make the cake tonight.

**#expand #Why? #What Occasion?  
#Add Details**

N



@5thgraders

I wanted extra dessert after dinner. My brother wanted more dessert. My mother told me no. She told my brother no. Maybe tomorrow. **#reduce #combine**

O



@5thgraders

This summer I want to go on vacation. I think I'd like to go to Florida. I'd like to go to Disney world. My grandparents live in Florida.

**#reduce**

P



@5thgraders

Time for dinner!

**#expand #When? #What?  
#Add Details**

Q



@5thgraders

I have math homework tonight. Then I got homework in English. My science teacher gave an assignment too. When will I have time? #reduce #combine

R



@5thgraders

My team lost the game.

#expand #What? #When? #Why? #Add Details

S



@5thgraders

Uh oh, I am in trouble.

#expand #Why? #What? #Add Details

T

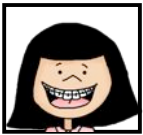


@5thgraders

My friend Jason is coming over to study. Michael is coming over to play video games. I need to study.

#reduce #combine

U



@5thgraders

I just went to the dentist.

#expand #What? #Why? #Add Details

V



@5thgraders

I am excited for my brother to graduate.

#expand #What? #When #Add Details

W



@5thgraders

I just got home from swimming lessons. I can now swim 20 laps. I did three back flips.

#reduce

X



@5thgraders

I have a birthday party to go this weekend. On Saturday, I have to buy a gift. I also need to get a card.

#reduce #combine

Name \_\_\_\_\_

**Directions:** Read each tweet card and follow the #directions. Re-tweet the message by following the directions and writing a new, updated tweet. Record the Tweet Letter on the line and write the updated tweets below.

Tweet \_\_\_\_\_

---

---

Tweet \_\_\_\_\_

---

---

Tweet \_\_\_\_\_

---

---

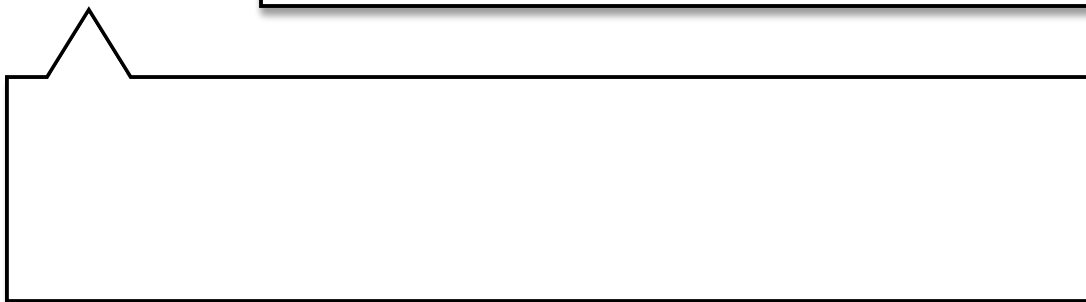
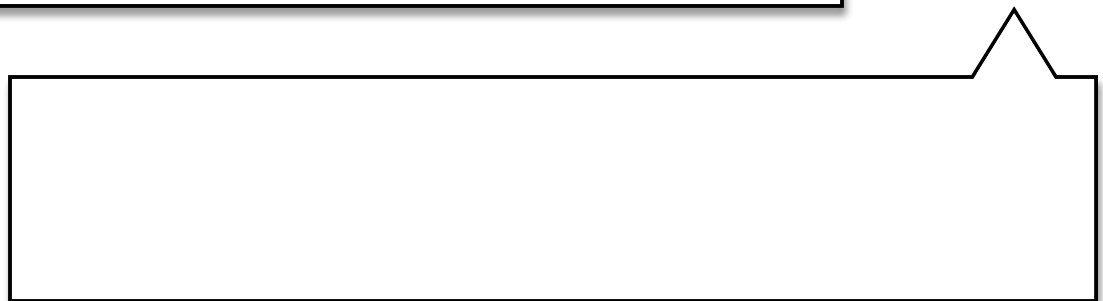
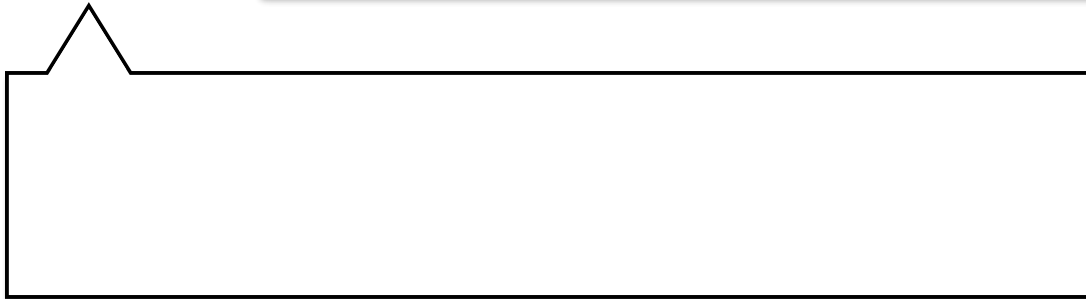
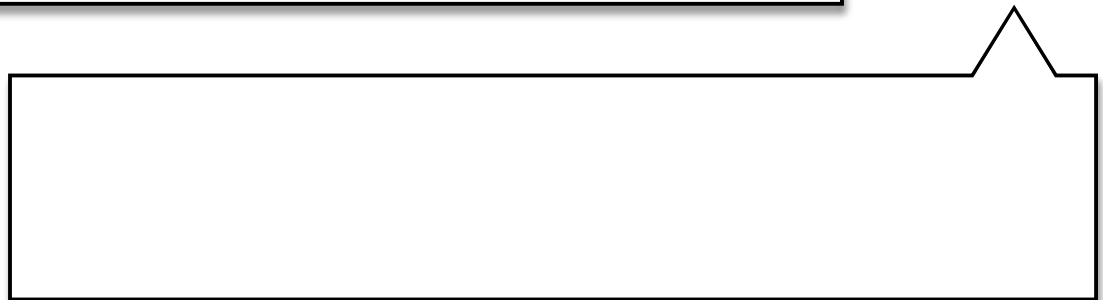
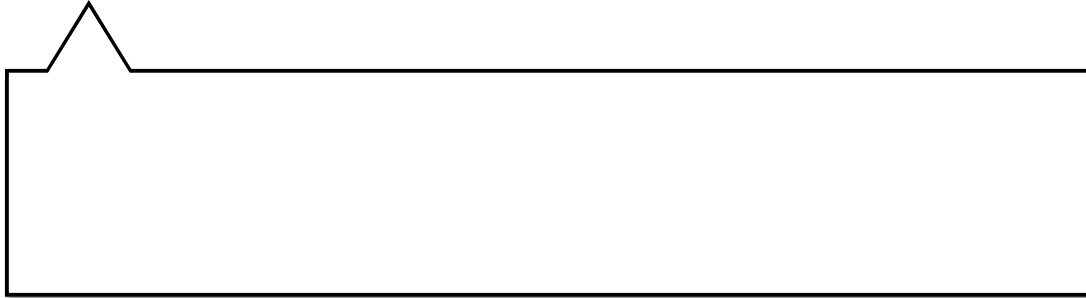
Tweet \_\_\_\_\_

---

---

Name \_\_\_\_\_

**Directions:** It's time to tweet your friends! Come up with five original, interesting tweets to share. Make sure they are to the point and with plenty of details.



Level: Fifth Grade

Name: \_\_\_\_\_

## Dialect

**Directions:** Using dialect in writing can help the reader identify the setting, place and time, as well as get a better understanding of the characters. When reading a text, story, drama, poem, or nonfiction piece, listen to the dialects that are used. Are there words that are used in a way that is different than you are used to hearing them used? Is the dialect familiar? Does it help you understand the story? Or, does it make reading the story more difficult?

Text: \_\_\_\_\_

Author: \_\_\_\_\_

<b>Dialect Text</b>	<b>Is it similar to or different from your dialect? What does this text tell you about the setting and character?</b>

# Revising

**Directions:** Read the sentences below. Combine, expand, or reduce the sentences to clarify meaning and create better interest. Rewrite the sentences in the spaces provided. Read your revisions aloud to a partner. Does the writing sound better?

1. George purchased a new, economical car. He bought the car at Munroe Auto Dealership in Tuscon.
2. Last week my class took a trip to the planetarium in Boston and we also walked the Freedom Trail and had lunch at Quincy Market.
3. I am excited to go see the play.
4. After karate class I have homework to do and then I get to watch my favorite show and lastly, I wave to walk the dog.
5. My sister is an actress in Chicago. She is performing in the musical, My Fair Lady.
6. John is watching a frightening thriller. He is biting his nails. John feels scared!

# Revising

**Directions:** Write the first draft of a fictional story. Listen to the sentences you wrote, and work to improve their flow. Combine, expand, or reduce sentences to clarify meaning and create better interest. Read your revisions aloud to a partner. Does the writing sound better? Show the work you did to improve your writing.

A large rectangular area with horizontal lines for writing. The lines are evenly spaced and cover most of the page's width and height, leaving margins at the top, bottom, and sides.



**5**

# ● Common Core State Standards ●

**Fifth Grade Workbook**

**Grade 5**

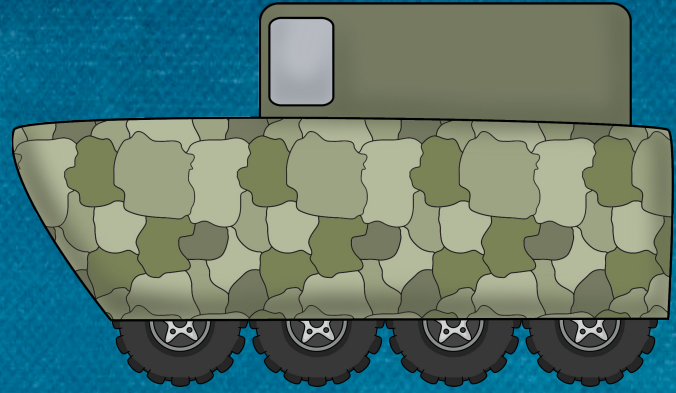
● **Math Standards**

**Worksheets and Activities  
that teach every standard!**



# Common Core State Standards

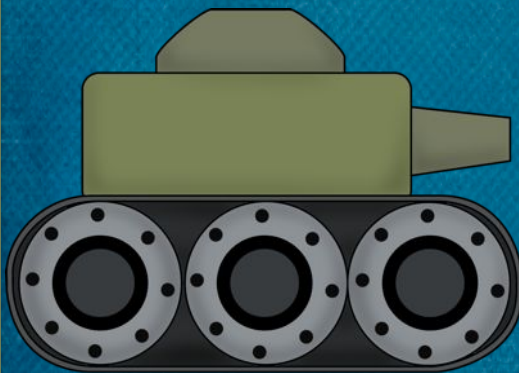
Find whole-number quotients of whole numbers with up to four-digit dividends and two-digit divisors, using strategies based on place value, the properties of operations, and/or the relationship between multiplication and division. Illustrate and explain the calculation by using equations, rectangular arrays, and/or area models.



# RISK

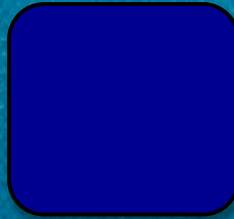
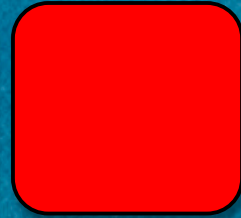
## DIVIDE AND CONQUER

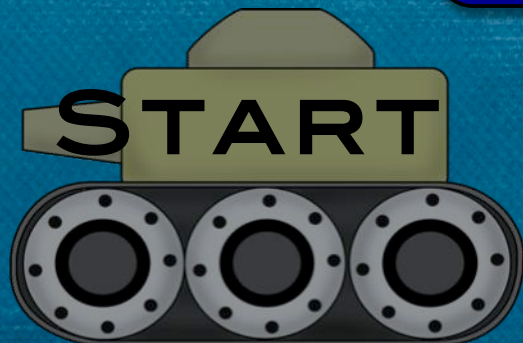
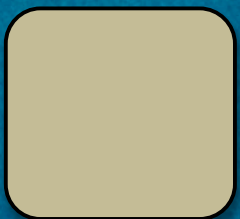
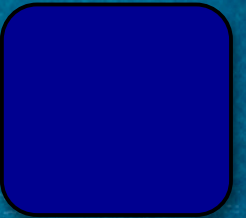
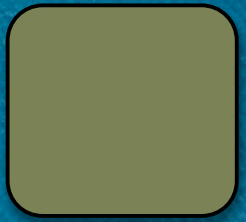
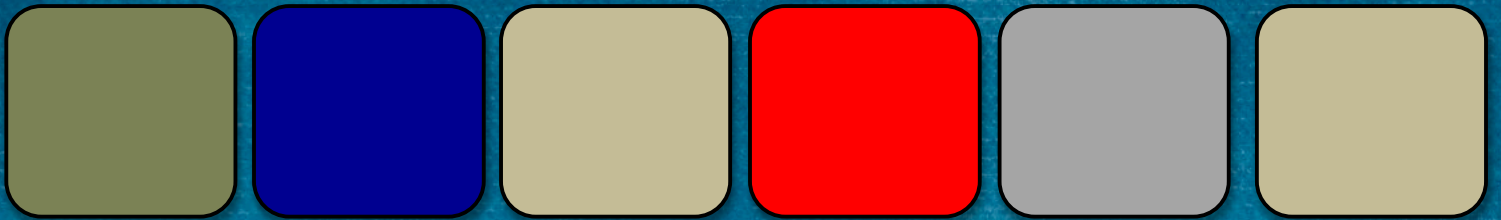
5.NBT.6. Find whole-number quotients of whole numbers with up to four-digit dividends and two-digit divisors, using strategies based on place value, the properties of operations, and/or the relationship between multiplication and division. Illustrate and explain the calculation by using equations, rectangular arrays, and/or area models.



Grab a partner to play against and get ready to divide and conquer the world! Tape pages 2 and 3 together to make the game board. The object of the game is to collect one of each five colored territory cards by traveling around the game board and solving division problems. Roll the die and move that many spaces. If you land on a territory color that you need to gain, you may attempt to answer a problem card. If you do not need the territory, you must forfeit your turn to the other player. In order to **conquer** a territory, you must correctly **divide** the two numbers on the territory card by using an equation, rectangular array or area model to show your work. If you answer the problem correctly, cover the territory on your board. The first player to divide and conquer all five territories is the winner! \*\*If Player 1 and Player 2 land on the same square, you must battle it out by answering a special battle card. The player who correctly answers the fastest may steal a territory from the other player.

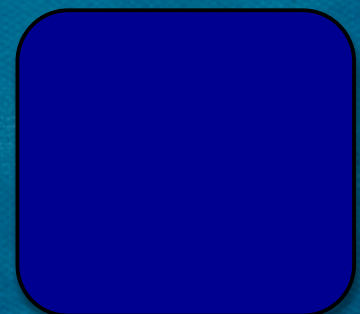
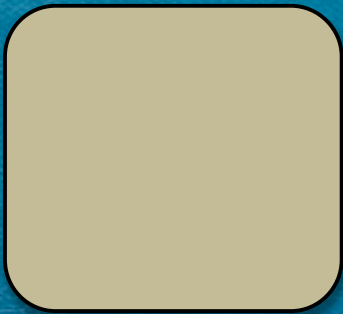
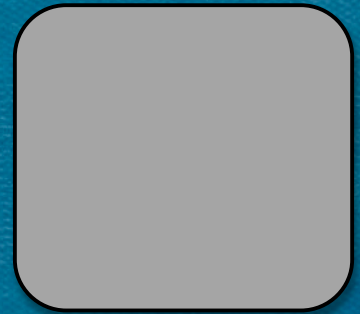
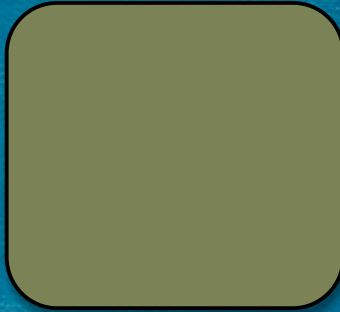
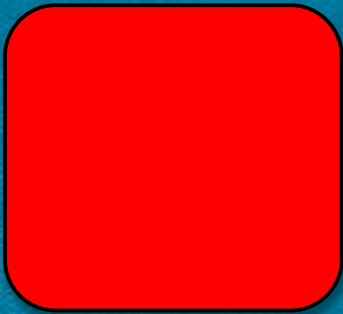
Standard: Mathematics | Numbers & Operations in Base Ten | 5.NBT.6





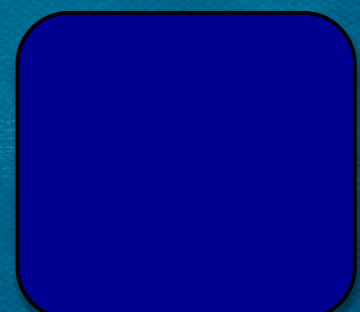
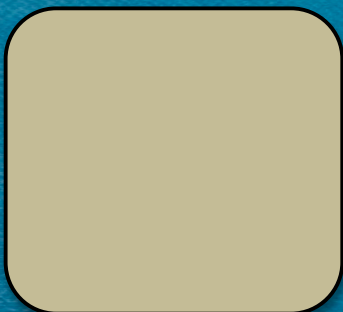
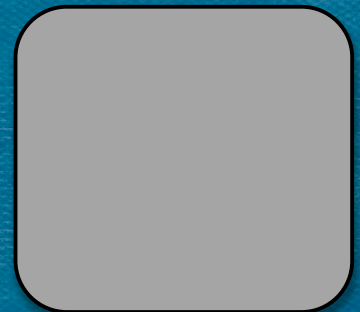
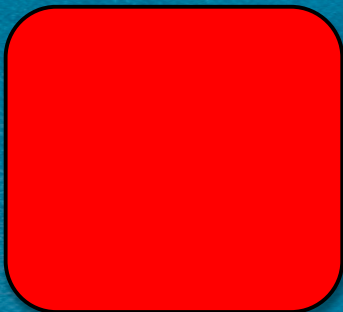
# PLAYER 1

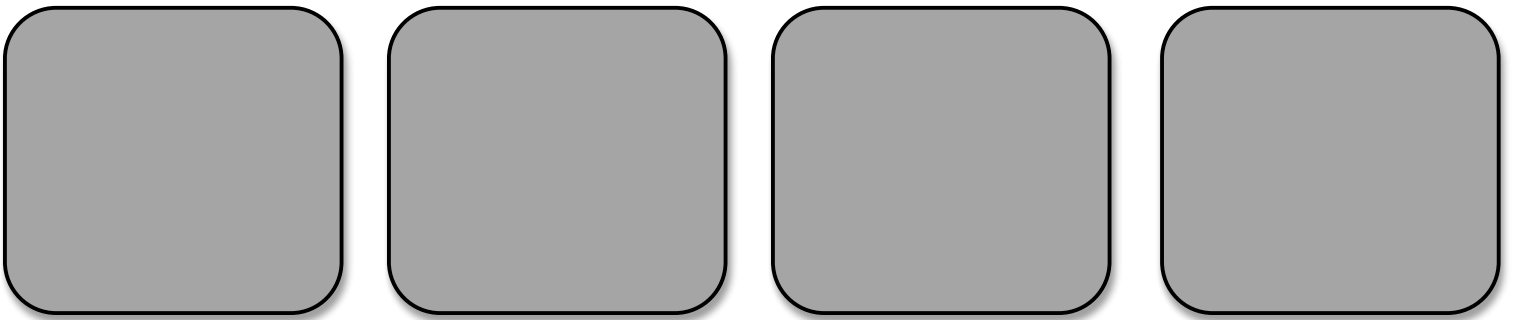
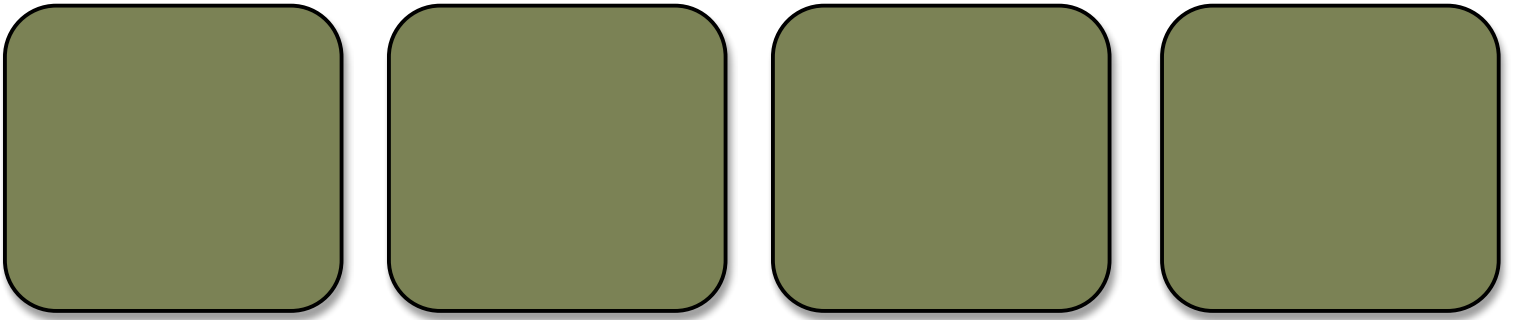
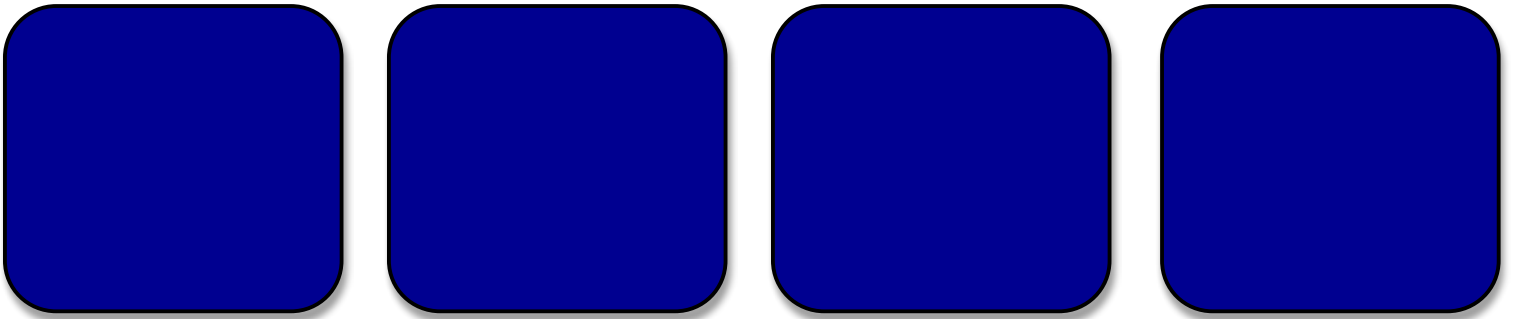
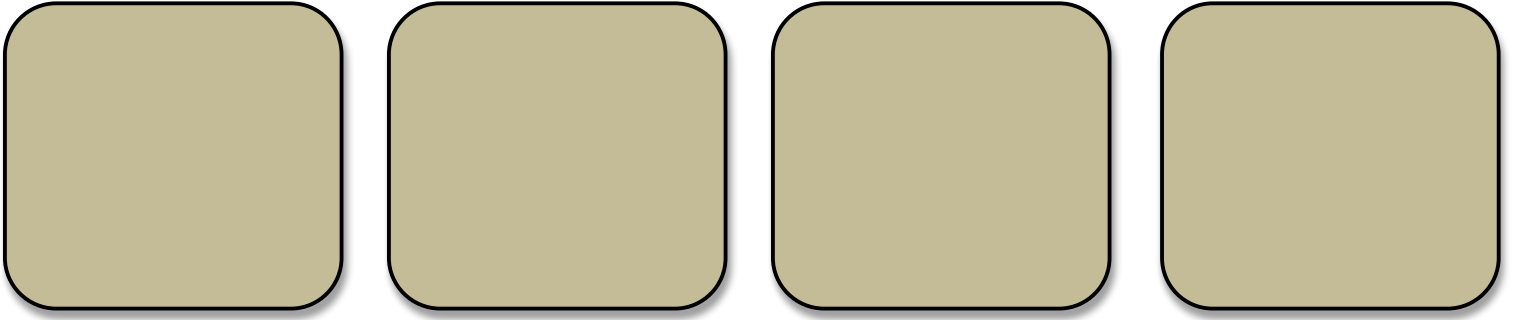
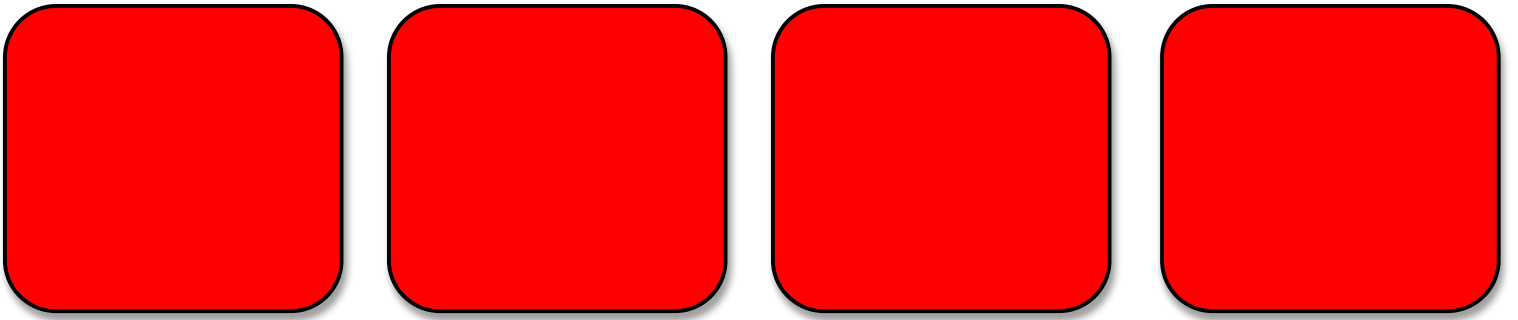
CORRECTLY DIVIDE AND CONQUER EACH TERRITORY TO COLLECT A COLORED PIECE.



# PLAYER 2

CORRECTLY DIVIDE AND CONQUER EACH TERRITORY TO COLLECT A COLORED PIECE.





PLACE RED  
TERRITORY  
CARDS  
HERE

PLACE TAN  
TERRITORY  
CARDS  
HERE

PLACE  
GREEN  
TERRITORY  
CARDS  
HERE

PLACE  
BLUE  
TERRITORY  
CARDS  
HERE

PLACE  
GRAY  
TERRITORY  
CARDS  
HERE

PLACE  
CHALLENGE  
CARDS  
HERE

7728 / 84

A

924 / 14

B

1920 / 30

C

726 / 22

D

5994 / 74

E

261 / 29

F

6248 / 71

G

85 / 17

H

3040 / 38

I

996 / 12

J

5103 / 63

K

776 / 97

L

8820 / 35

A

504 / 42

B

4845 / 95

C

396 / 44

D

7052 / 86

E

310 / 62

F

8272 / 44

G

342 / 19

H

2064 / 43

I

294 / 42

J

1105 / 13

K

336 / 28

L

1600 / 25

A

354 / 59

B

6396 / 82

C

837 / 93

D

4960 / 20

E

162 / 54

F

7885 / 19

G

216 / 36

H

2600 / 40

I

345 / 69

J

2436 / 42

K

432 / 54

L

9968 / 16

A

212 / 53

B

1760 / 55

C

96 / 12

D

1518 / 33

E

315 / 45

F

9212 / 94

G

625 / 25

H

1120 / 16

I

729 / 27

J

2540 / 20

K

819 / 63

L

1645 / 35

A

468 / 26

B

2379 / 61

C

99 / 33

D

2684 / 61

E

570 / 30

F

6862 / 47

G

693 / 99

H

6020 / 70

I

232 / 58

J

2075 / 25

K

384 / 48

L

CHALLENGE

1530 / 51

A

CHALLENGE

384 / 48

B

CHALLENGE

1075 / 43

C

CHALLENGE

276 / 46

D

CHALLENGE

4988 / 58

E

CHALLENGE

462 / 77

F

CHALLENGE

2700 / 75

G

CHALLENGE

555 / 37

H

CHALLENGE

1768 / 52

I

CHALLENGE

890 / 10

J

CHALLENGE

2208 / 46

K

CHALLENGE

658 / 14

L

## TERRITORY CARDS ANSWER KEY

### RED TERRITORY CARDS

A.	92	G.	88
B.	66	H.	5
C.	64	I.	80
D.	33	J.	83
E.	81	K.	81
F.	9	L.	8

### BLUE TERRITORY CARDS

A.	252	G.	188
B.	51	H.	18
C.	64	I.	48
D.	9	J.	7
E.	82	K.	85
F.	5	L.	12

### TAN TERRITORY CARDS

A.	64	G.	415
B.	6	H.	6
C.	78	I.	65
D.	9	J.	5
E.	248	K.	58
F.	3	L.	8

### GREEN TERRITORY CARDS

A.	623	G.	98
B.	4	H.	25
C.	32	I.	70
D.	8	J.	27
E.	46	K.	127
F.	7	L.	13

### GRAY TERRITORY CARDS

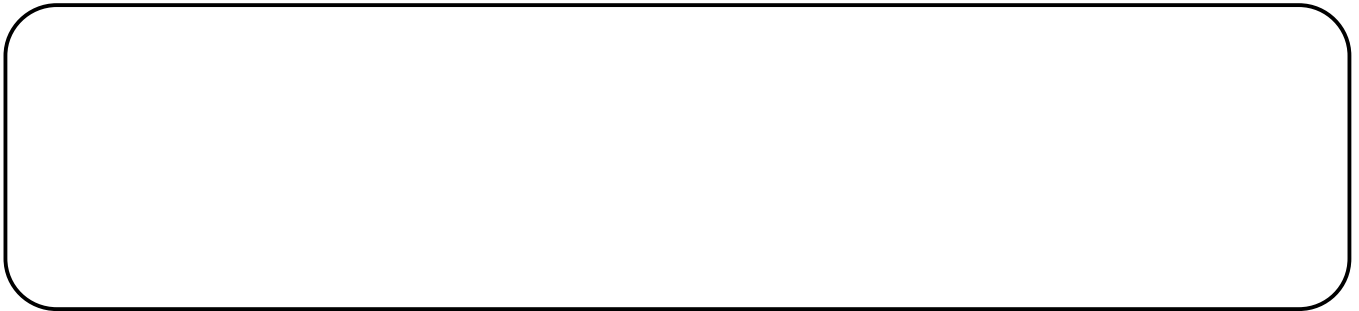
A.	47	G.	146
B.	18	H.	7
C.	39	I.	86
D.	3	J.	4
E.	44	K.	83
F.	19	L.	8

### CHALLENGE CARDS

A.	30	G.	36
B.	8	H.	15
C.	25	I.	32
D.	6	J.	89
E.	86	K.	48
F.	6	L.	47

NAME \_\_\_\_\_

**DIRECTIONS:** Record and solve the five territory problems you earned during game play. Be sure to use an equation, rectangular array or area model to solve.



## Dividing

**Directions:** Solve the following division examples. Use strategies you have learned to solve the problems.

$$35 \overline{)4,597}$$

$$71 \overline{)7,390}$$

$$6 \overline{)4,591}$$

$$73 \overline{)2,846}$$

$$12 \overline{)1,290}$$

$$23 \overline{)7,319}$$

$$9 \overline{)6,219}$$

$$45 \overline{)4,599}$$

$$10 \overline{)3,277}$$

## Dividing II

**Directions:** Solve the following division examples. Use strategies you have learned to solve the problems.

$$56 \overline{)7,324}$$

$$78 \overline{)8,998}$$

$$3 \overline{)5,908}$$

$$23 \overline{)4,981}$$

$$23 \overline{)5,427}$$

$$45 \overline{)8,081}$$

$$5 \overline{)3,672}$$

$$60 \overline{)3,897}$$

$$12 \overline{)4,545}$$

# Common Core State Standards

Solve real world problems involving multiplication of fractions and mixed numbers, e.g., by using visual fraction models or equations to represent the problem.



5.Nf.6. Solve real world problems involving multiplication of fractions and mixed numbers, e.g., by using visual fraction models or equations to represent the problem.

# TRIVIAL PURSUIT

To play Trivial Pursuit, select a game piece color and matching playing piece that will hold your wedges. The goal of the game is to collect all four different colored wedges to fill your playing piece. To assemble the game board, tape the two board pages together at the seam. The player whose name is last alphabetically goes first. Roll the die and travel around the game board. When landing on a colored space, select a question of the same color. Read the question and solve either using a visual fraction model or equation. Show your work and write your answer on the recording sheet.



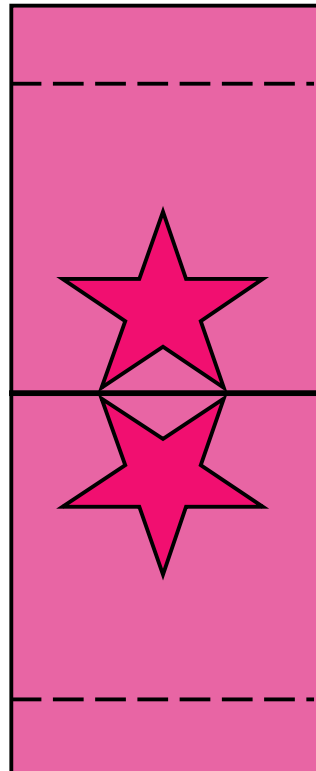
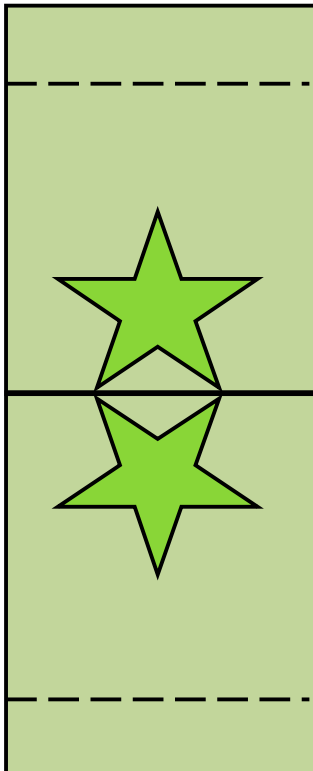
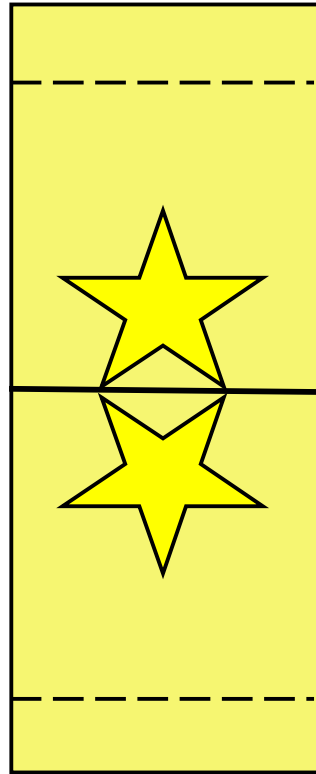
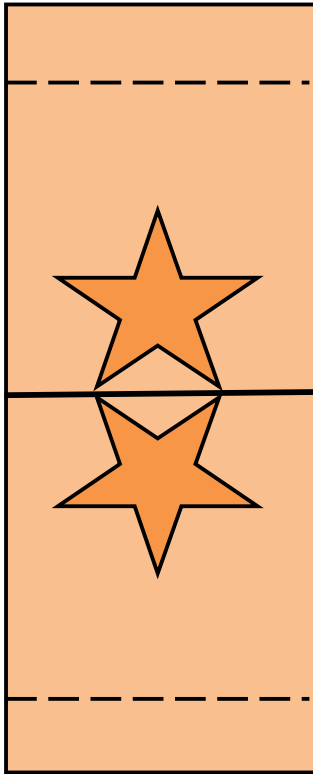
Standard: Mathematics | Number & Operations- Fractions | 5.Nf.6

Graphics by ScrappinDoodles

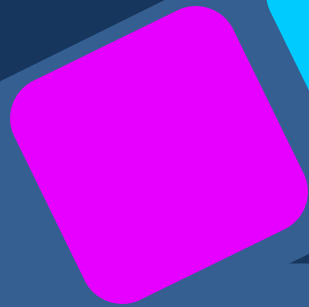
[www.CoreCommonStandards.com](http://www.CoreCommonStandards.com)

## Player Pieces

Fold in half on the solid line.  
Fold out on the dotted lines to allow the piece to stand.

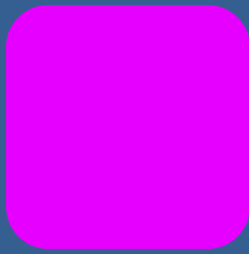


**Orange  
Player  
Starts  
Here**

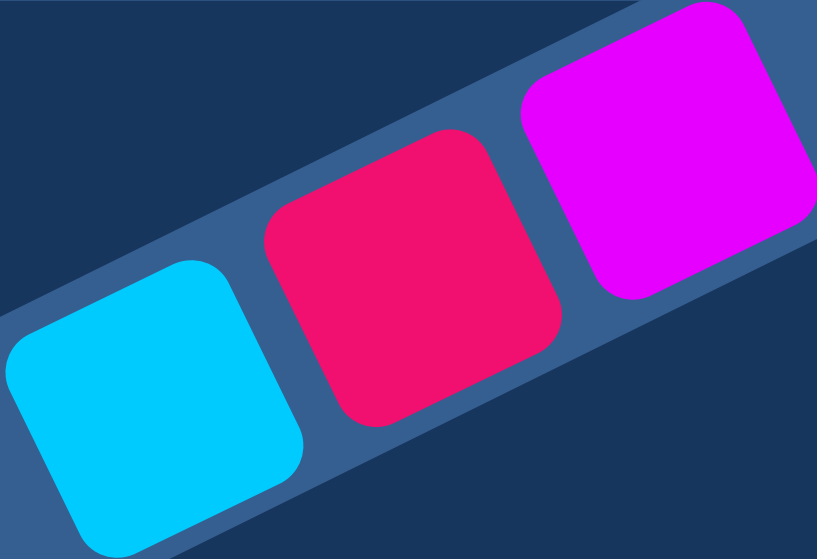


**Yellow  
Player  
Starts  
Here**

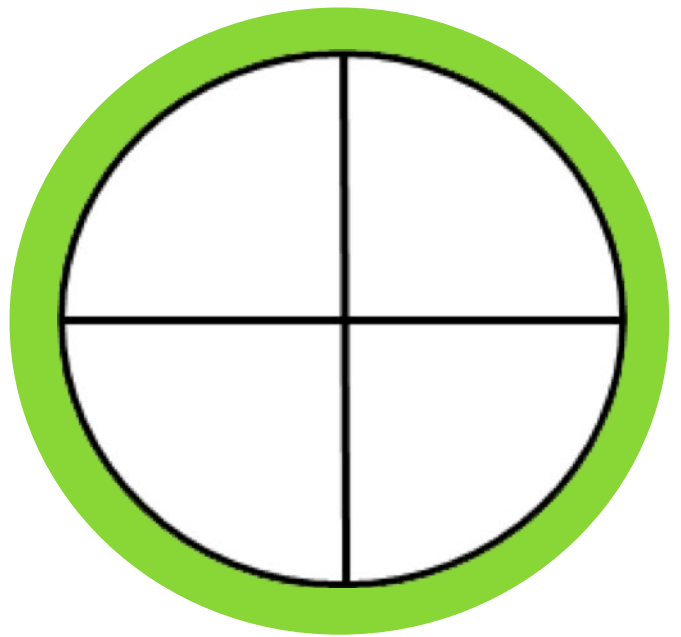
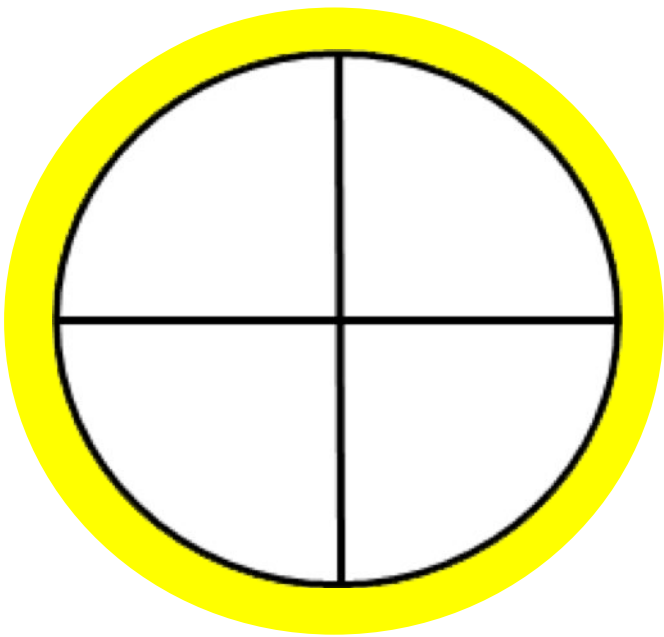
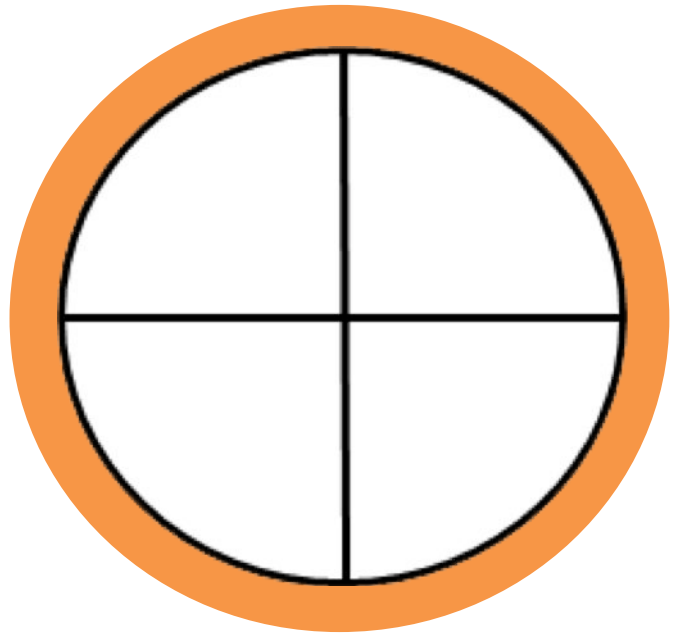
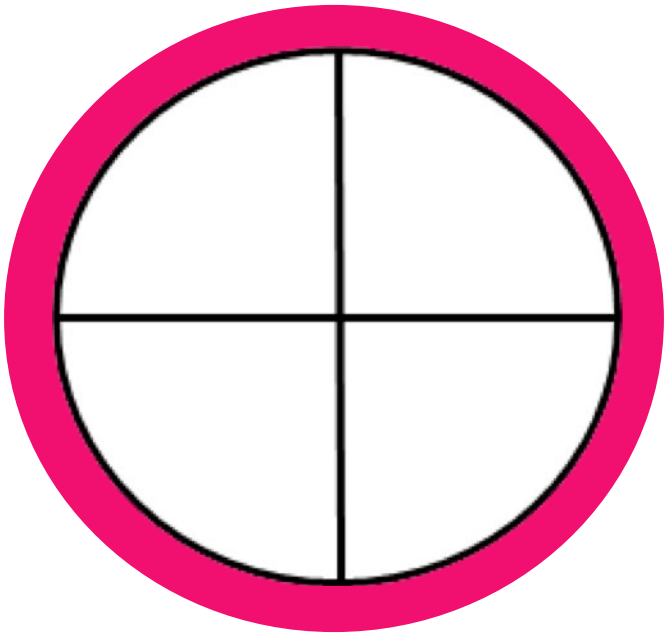


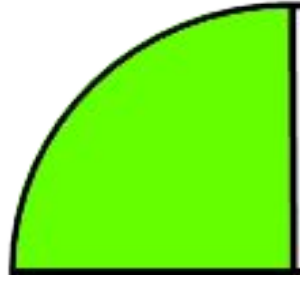
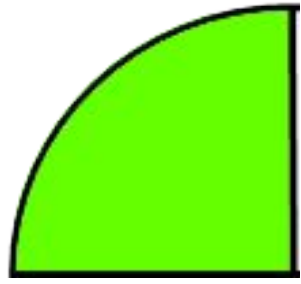
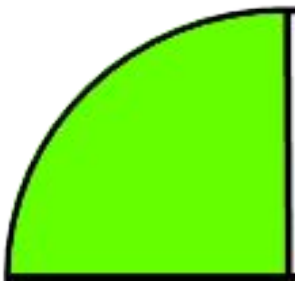
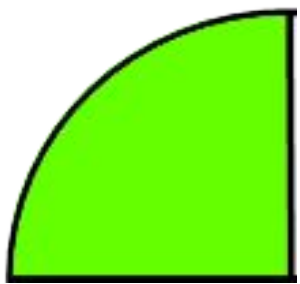
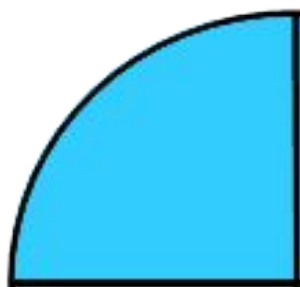
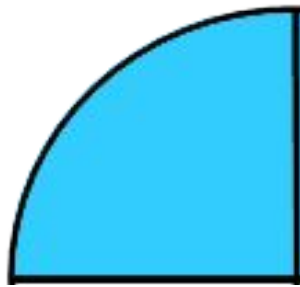
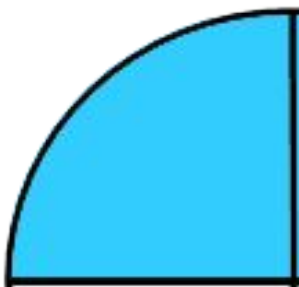
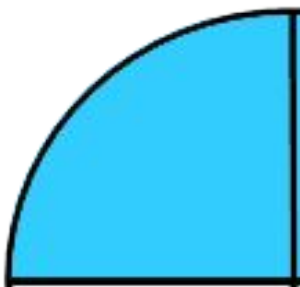
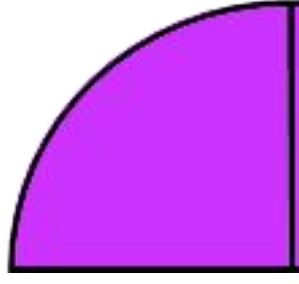
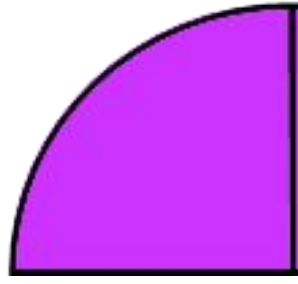
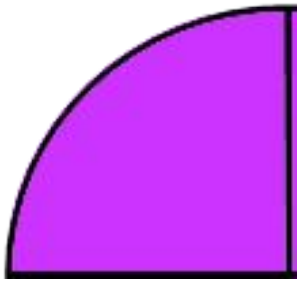
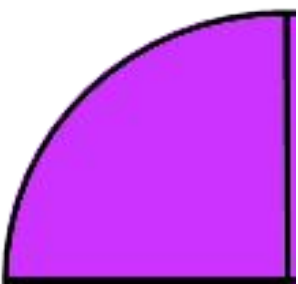
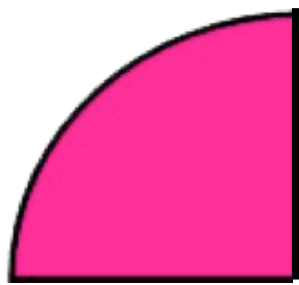
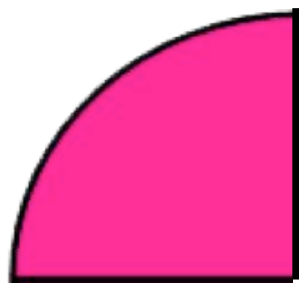
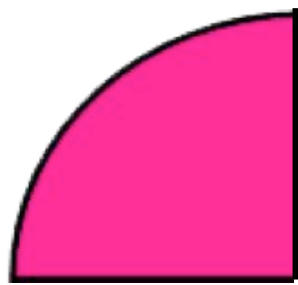
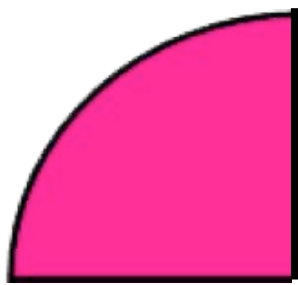


**Green  
Player  
Starts  
Here**



**Pink  
Player  
Starts  
Here**





On Friday night, Brandon ordered a pizza and had  $\frac{1}{4}$  left over. On Saturday, he ate  $\frac{1}{2}$  of the pizza that was left.

**How much pizza did he eat on Sunday?**

1

In the fifth grade,  $\frac{1}{3}$  of the students have a brother. Of those students,  $\frac{1}{2}$  also has a sister.

**What fraction of students has a sister and a brother?**

2

Samantha is training for an obstacle course race and wants to know the total distance. There are 4 obstacles that are  $\frac{6}{8}$  of a mile apart.

**How long is the course?**

3

Jason just opened a very busy pizza shop. On Monday, he sold 75 pizzas in 3 hours. On Tuesday, he sold  $\frac{1}{3}$  of that.

**How many pizzas did he sell on Tuesday?**

4

Mrs. Smith's class opened a lemonade stand. The first day, the class went through  $\frac{3}{4}$  of a pound of sugar. The second day, the class used  $\frac{2}{3}$  of the amount they used on the first day.

**How much sugar did the class use on the second day?**

5

Amanda is baking cookies for her elementary school. A recipe calls for  $\frac{1}{2}$  cup of butter. To make enough cookies, she must make  $4\frac{1}{2}$  times the original recipe.

**How much butter will she need to make enough cookies?**

6

After taking a survey at a dance school, it was found that  $\frac{2}{5}$  of the dancers preferred faster dance types. Of those dancers,  $\frac{1}{3}$  liked hip-hop the best.

**What fraction of the dance school liked fast-paced, hip-hop dancing?**

7

The elephants at the zoo are fed  $\frac{3}{5}$  of a sack of corn every day. The chickens are fed  $\frac{4}{10}$  as much as the elephants.

**How many sacks of corn are fed to the chickens each day?**

8

A school of high school students voted for their favorite sport.  $\frac{1}{2}$  of the student body voted for football. Of that  $\frac{1}{2}$ ,  $\frac{3}{8}$  were girls.

**What fraction of female students voted for football?**

1

While running a  $5\frac{1}{2}$  mile marathon,  $\frac{2}{3}$  of the runners finished in one hour.

**What was the total distance that these runners ran?**

2

Charlotte planted a garden.  $\frac{1}{5}$  of her garden was peppers. Of these peppers,  $\frac{1}{3}$  was red.

**How much of her garden was made up of red peppers?**

3

In the middle school band,  $\frac{2}{3}$  of the students played a wind instrument.  $\frac{1}{6}$  of those students played the flute.

**What fraction of students in the band played the flute?**

4

Robert took home  $\frac{1}{2}$  of a lasagna. He shared  $\frac{3}{4}$  of that lasagna with his family.

**How much of the original lasagna did his family eat?**

5

$\frac{1}{3}$  of the third graders have an allergy to pollen. Of those students,  $\frac{1}{10}$  is allergic to nuts.

**What fraction of the third graders is allergic to both pollen and nuts?**

6

At a restaurant, each table receives  $\frac{1}{8}$  of a loaf of bread. Halfway through dinner,  $2\frac{1}{4}$  of the restaurant needed bread refills.

**How many loaves of bread were put out halfway through dinner?**

7

At the local aquarium,  $\frac{4}{7}$  of the animals are fish.  $\frac{2}{3}$  of these fish live in a salt-water habitat.

**What fraction of the aquarium is home to salt-water fish?**

8

Brown Elementary School is holding a food drive. The first grade class collected  $5\frac{3}{4}$  pounds of food. The second grade class collected  $\frac{2}{3}$  of that amount.

**How many pounds of food did the second graders collect?**

1

A Kindergarten class celebrated the first 100 days of school. During  $\frac{2}{5}$  of these days, students had music class.

**How many times did the Kindergarten class go to music?**

2

Jack and Jill went blueberry picking. Jack picked  $2\frac{5}{8}$  pounds of blueberries. When they arrived home, Jill ate  $\frac{1}{7}$  of these blueberries.

**How many pounds of blueberries did Jill eat?**

3

At soccer camp,  $\frac{1}{3}$  of the campers play defense. Of the defensemen,  $\frac{1}{5}$  is goalies.

**What fraction of campers are goalies?**

4

$\frac{2}{5}$  of the Nook Library's book collection contains nonfiction books.  $\frac{1}{4}$  of these books are

**How much of the original lasagna did his family eat?**

5

A recipe for a batch of brownies calls for  $3\frac{1}{4}$  cups of flour. Danielle only needed to make half of a batch.

**How many cups of flour did Danielle need to make brownies?**

6

At Star Academy,  $\frac{1}{5}$  of the student body is in Honor Roll. Of these students,  $\frac{1}{4}$  are seniors.

**What fraction of students at Star Academy are Honor Roll seniors?**

7

During a basketball game, Brian scored  $\frac{1}{6}$  of the team's total points. Out of his shots,  $\frac{1}{3}$  were three-point shots.

**What fraction of the team's points were Brian's three-point shots?**

8

$\frac{2}{5}$  of the rides at Adventure Land are water rides.  $\frac{1}{3}$  of these water rides are roller coasters.

**What fraction of the rides at Adventure Land are water roller coasters?**

1

A coach purchased  $10\frac{1}{2}$  gallons of water for his team. By the end of the game, the players finished  $\frac{2}{3}$  of the water.

**How many gallons of water was drank by the end of the game?**

2

During a baseball game, a hotdog stand went through  $3\frac{1}{4}$  tubs of ketchup. They used  $\frac{2}{3}$  as much mustard as ketchup.

**How many tubs of mustard did the hotdog stand finish?**

3

Lauren went to the candy store and bought  $\frac{4}{5}$  of a pound of candy.  $\frac{1}{4}$  of this candy was chocolate.

**How much of Lauren's candy is chocolate?**

4

In order to make enough iced tea for the week, Walter must triple the recipe. The recipe calls for  $3\frac{1}{3}$  cups of water.

**How many cups of water will Walter need?**

5

To make sauce, a recipe calls for  $2\frac{1}{2}$  liters of crushed tomatoes.

**How many liters of tomatoes are needed to make  $\frac{1}{3}$  of this recipe?**

6

$\frac{3}{5}$  of Robert's shopping cart was filled with produce.  $\frac{1}{5}$  of this produce was fruit.

**What fraction of Robert's groceries was fruit?**

7

A clothing store is having a giant sale!  $5\frac{1}{2}$  percent of their items were on sale. Of these items,  $\frac{2}{3}$  was 50% off.

**What fraction of the items is on sale for 50% off?**

8

Name \_\_\_\_\_

**Directions:** Draw a visual fraction model or write an equation to solve each equation.  
Check your answer on the answer sheet to see if you can collect a colored wedge!

**Pink Problem:**

\_\_\_\_\_

**Purple Problem:**

\_\_\_\_\_

**Green Problem:**

\_\_\_\_\_

**Blue Problem:**

\_\_\_\_\_

## Answer Sheet

### Pink Problem Cards

- |                   |                             |
|-------------------|-----------------------------|
| 1. $1/8$          | 5. $6/12$ or $1/2$          |
| 2. $1/6$          | 6. $9/4$ or $2 \frac{1}{4}$ |
| 3. $24/8$ or $3$  | 7. $2/15$                   |
| 4. $75/3$ or $25$ | 8. $12/50$ or $6/25$        |

### Purple Problem Cards

- |                              |           |
|------------------------------|-----------|
| 1. $3/16$                    | 5. $3/8$  |
| 2. $11/3$ or $3 \frac{2}{3}$ | 6. $1/30$ |
| 3. $1/15$                    | 7. $9/32$ |
| 4. $2/18$ or $1/9$           | 8. $8/21$ |

### Blue Problem Cards

- |                              |                              |
|------------------------------|------------------------------|
| 1. $23/6$ or $3 \frac{5}{6}$ | 5. $2/20$ or $1/10$          |
| 2. $200/5$ or $40$           | 6. $13/8$ or $1 \frac{5}{8}$ |
| 3. $21/56$ or $3/8$          | 7. $1/20$                    |
| 4. $1/15$                    | 8. $1/18$                    |

### Green Problem Cards

- |                              |                              |
|------------------------------|------------------------------|
| 1. $2/15$                    | 5. $30/3$ or $10$            |
| 2. $21/3$ or $7$             | 6. $5/6$                     |
| 3. $13/6$ or $2 \frac{1}{6}$ | 7. $3/25$                    |
| 4. $4/20$ or $1/5$           | 8. $11/3$ or $3 \frac{2}{3}$ |

## Multiplication Fraction Stories

**Directions:** Solve the multiplication fraction number stories. Use equations or models to explain your work.

Peter checks his email 12 times each day. If it takes Peter  $3\frac{1}{2}$  minutes to read through his messages, how many minutes a day is Peter checking his email?

\_\_\_\_\_ minutes

Brandon worked  $11\frac{1}{3}$  hours this week and was paid \$15 per hour. How much money did Brandon make this week?

\$ \_\_\_\_\_

Terrence mows  $5\frac{1}{2}$  acres of lawn every week. If he mows  $\frac{3}{5}$  of the lawn before noon, how many acres of lawn does he have left to mow?

\_\_\_\_\_ acres

Patty filled 4 jars with sunflower seeds. She also filled jars with pumpkin seeds. If she filled  $\frac{3}{4}$  as many jars with pumpkin seeds as she did with sunflower seeds, how many jars did she fill with pumpkin seeds?

\_\_\_\_\_ jars

Barbara and Karl both made punch for the party. Barbara added  $\frac{3}{4}$  cup of apple juice to her punch. If Karl added 5 times as much apple juice to his punch, how much apple juice did Karl add?

\_\_\_\_\_ apple juice

# Multiplying With Fractions

**Directions:** Use the data below to calculate the number of baskets each player made during the game.

Triumph High School Basketball Team

Player	Shots Taken	Fraction Made	Baskets
John	14	$\frac{2}{4}$	
Sven	10	$\frac{1}{5}$	
Kris	8	$\frac{3}{4}$	
Louisa	20	$\frac{3}{5}$	
Fatima	12	$\frac{2}{6}$	
Donna	16	$\frac{1}{2}$	
Taylor	25	$\frac{2}{5}$	
Luis	22	$\frac{1}{2}$	

Which player should be a starter on the team?

\_\_\_\_\_

Which player should be encouraged to take more shots?

\_\_\_\_\_

What fraction of the player's greatest shot score is the player's lowest shot score?

\_\_\_\_\_

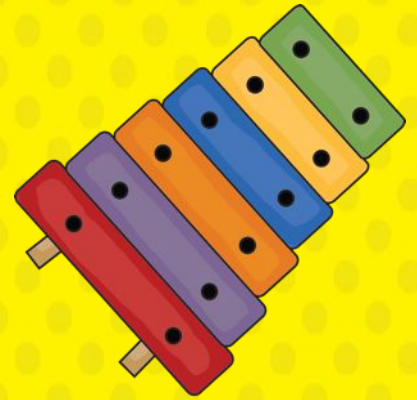
**Solve:**

- If 84 markers are  $\frac{1}{10}$  of a set, how many markers are in the whole set? \_\_\_\_\_
- If 45 pages are  $\frac{2}{3}$  of a book, how many pages are in the full book? \_\_\_\_\_
- The cookie jar contains  $\frac{3}{5}$  of 65 cookies. How many cookies are the jar? \_\_\_\_\_
- Brandon is walking to a friend's house. He walked  $\frac{4}{10}$  of the 5 miles so far. How far has Brandon walked? \_\_\_\_\_

# Common Core State Standards

Use a pair of perpendicular number lines, called axes, to define a coordinate system, with the intersection of the lines (the origin) arranged to coincide with the 0 on each line and a given point in the plane located by using an ordered pair of numbers, called its coordinates.

Understand that the first number indicates how far to travel from the origin in the direction of one axis, and the second number indicates how far to travel in the direction of the second axis, with the convention that the names of the two axes and the coordinates correspond (e.g.,  $x$ -axis and  $x$ -coordinate,  $y$ -axis and  $y$ -coordinate).



# I SPY

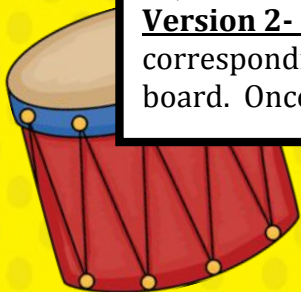


5.G.1. Use a pair of perpendicular number lines, called axes, to define a coordinate system, with the intersection of the lines (the origin) arranged to coincide with the 0 on each line and a given point in the plane located by using an ordered pair of numbers, called its coordinates. Understand that the first number indicates how far to travel from the origin in the direction of one axis, and the second number indicates how far to travel in the direction of the second axis, with the convention that the names of the two axes and the coordinates correspond (e.g., x-axis and x-coordinate, y-axis and y-coordinate).



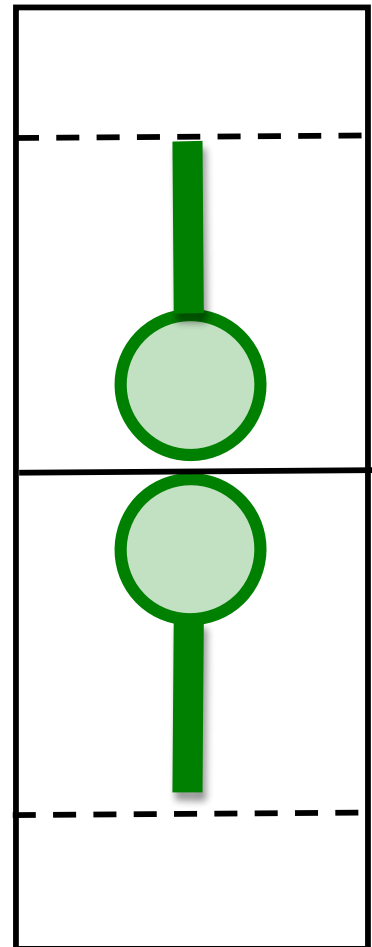
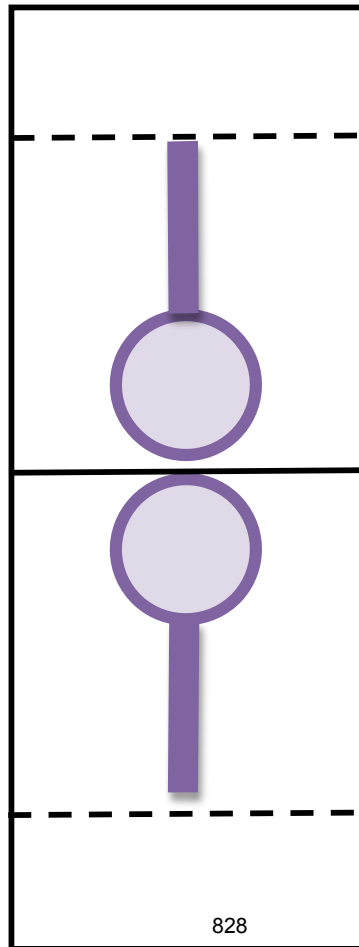
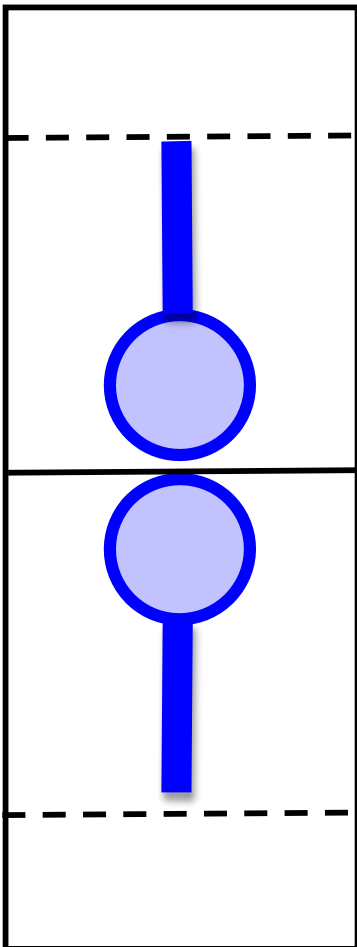
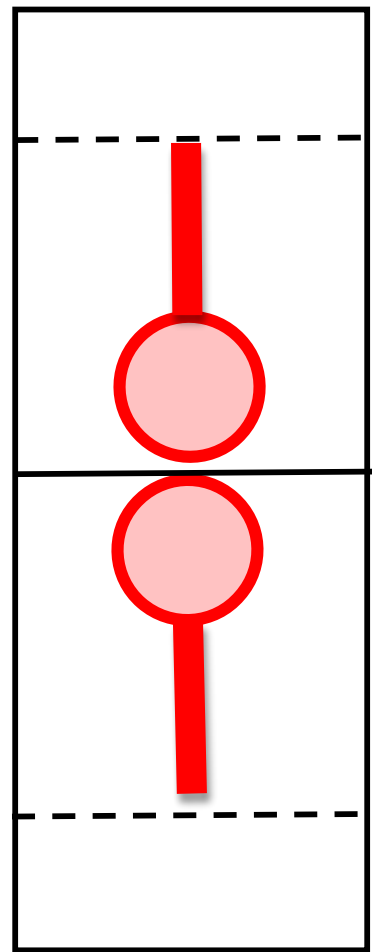
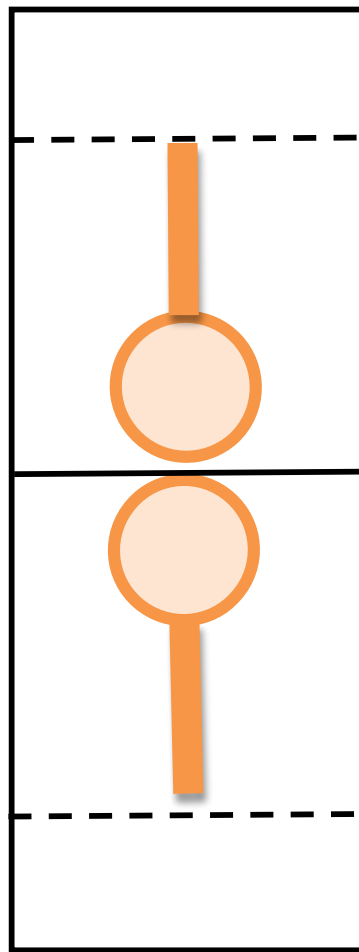
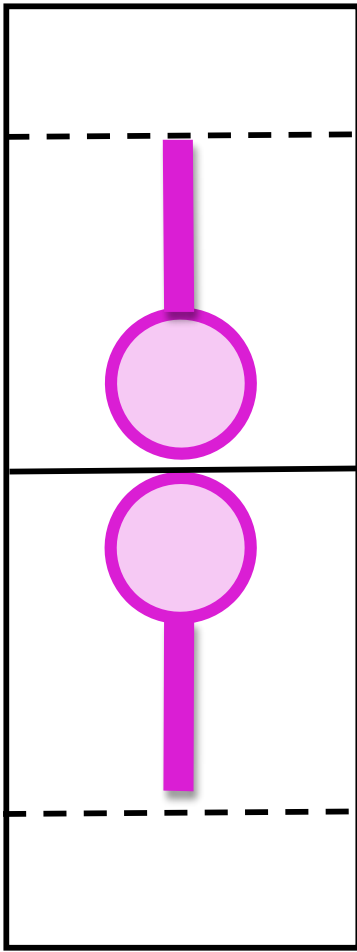
**Version 1- Partner Round:** Select one of the colored coordinate game boards and corresponding object picture cards. Place your magnifying glass playing pieces on coordinate (0,0). Take turns flipping over the coordinate cards and moving your piece to the coordinate. If you spy an object on that coordinate, collect the picture card. The first person to collect five objects wins! Record the coordinates on the recording sheet labeled "Version 1."

**Version 2- I Spy Riddle Round:** Select one of the colored coordinate game boards and the corresponding "I Spy" task cards. Read the I Spy riddle and look for the object on the game board. Once you spy the object, record the coordinates on the worksheet labeled "Version 2."



Standard: Mathematics | Geometry | 5.G.1

Fold in half on the solid line. Fold outward on the dotted line to stand the magnifying piece up.



**0,0**

**0,1**

**0,2**

**0,3**

**0,4**

**0,5**

**0,6**

**0,7**

**0,8**

**0,9**

**1,0**

**1,1**

**1,2**

**1,3**

**1,4**

**1,2**

**1,3**

**1,4**

**1,5**

**1,6**

**1,7**

**1,8**

**1,9**

**2,0**

**2,1**

**2,2**

**2,3**

**2,4**

**2,5**

**2,6**

**2,7**

**2,8**

**2,9**

**3,0**

**3,1**

**3,2**

**3,3**

**3,4**

**3,5**

**3,6**

**3,7**

**3,8**

**3,9**

**4,0**

**4,1**

**4,2**

**4,3**

**4,4**

**4,5**

**4,6**

**4,7**

**4,8**

**4,9**

**5,0**

**5,1**

**5,2**

**5,3**

**5,4**

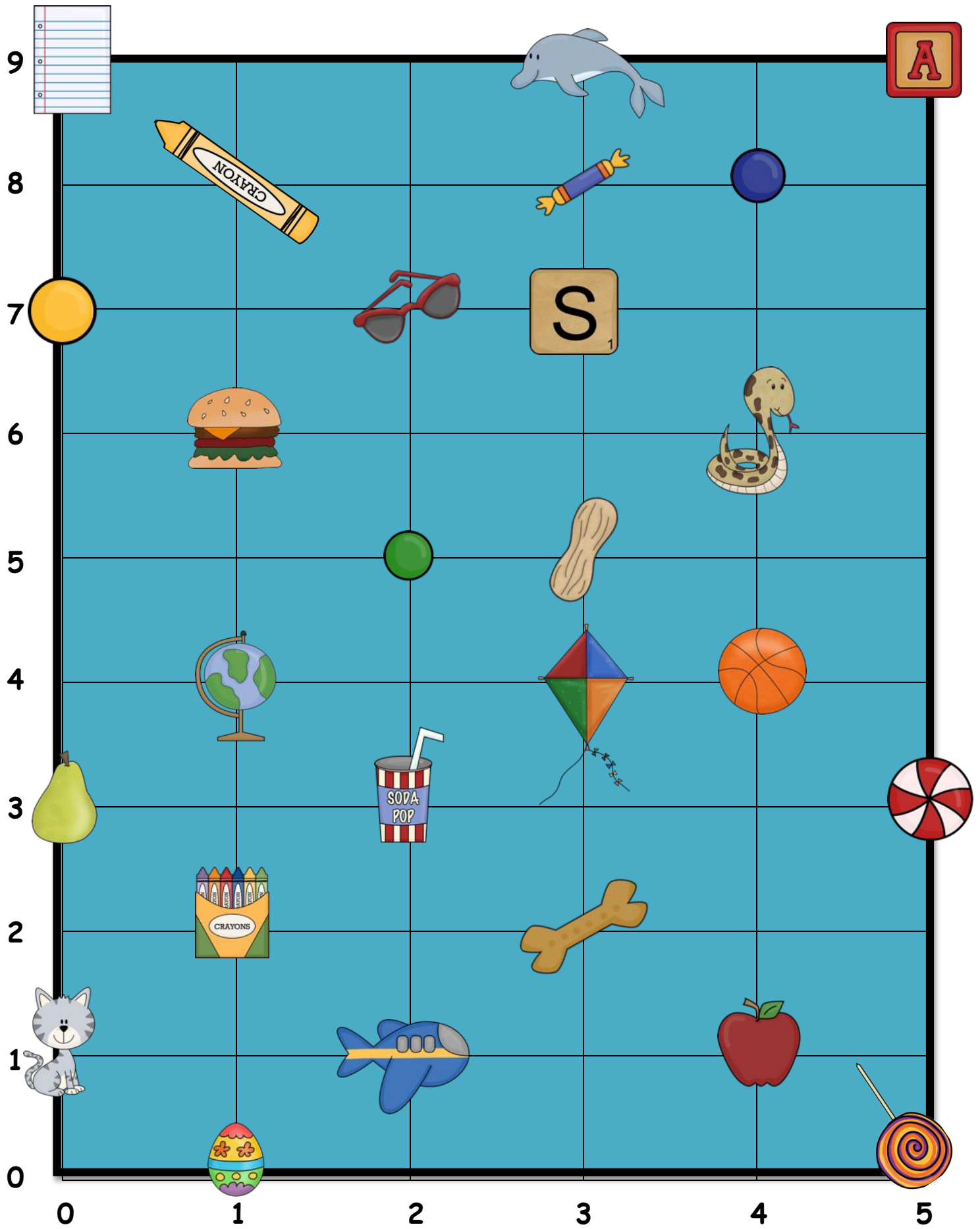
**5,5**

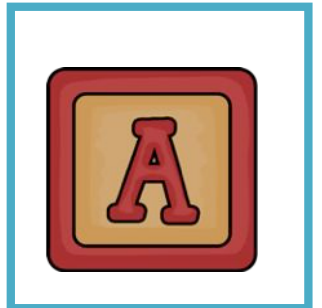
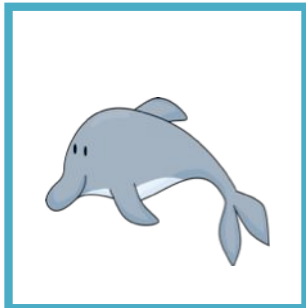
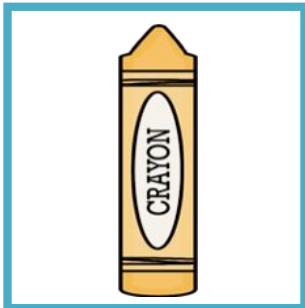
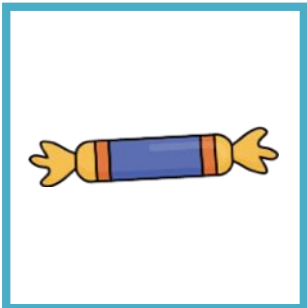
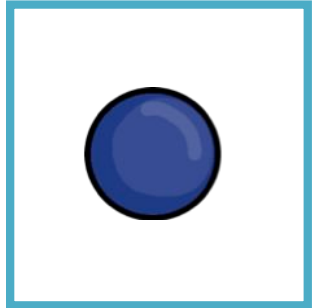
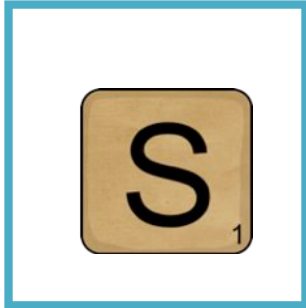
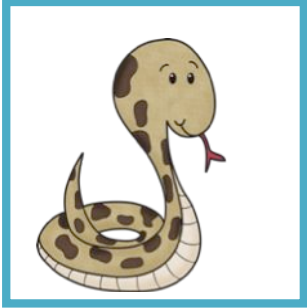
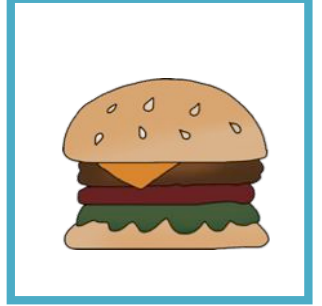
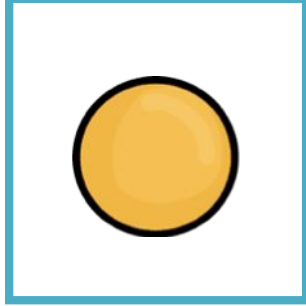
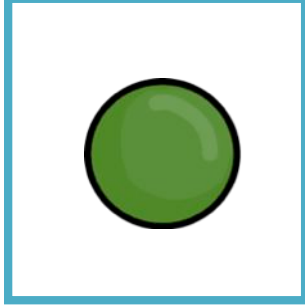
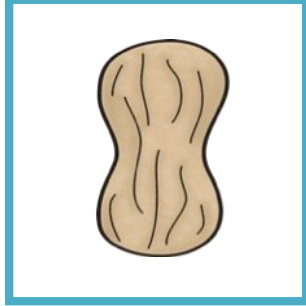
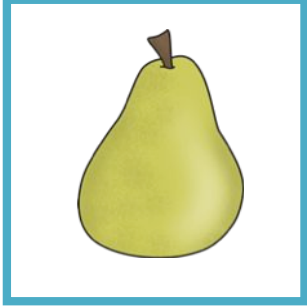
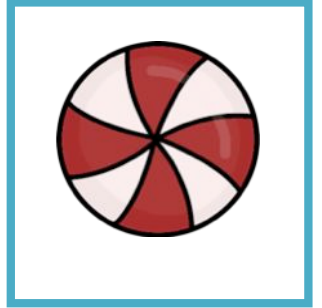
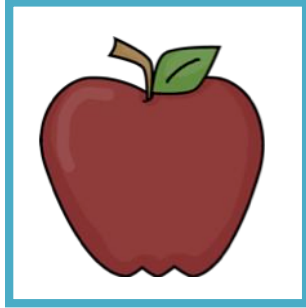
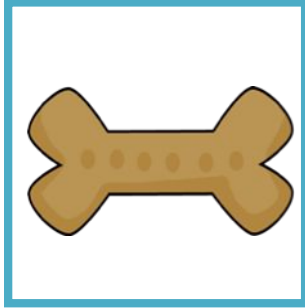
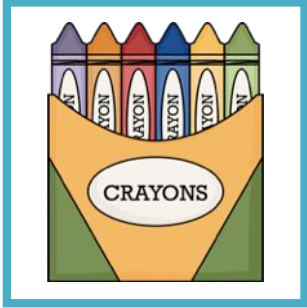
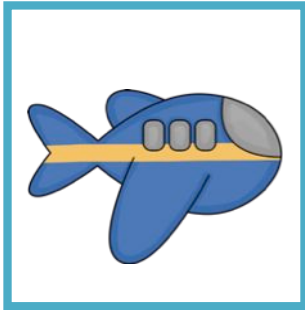
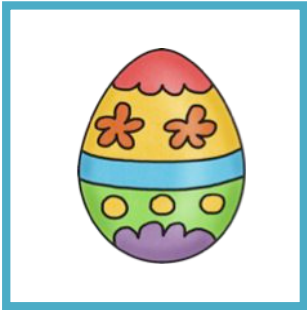
**5,6**

**5,7**

**5,8**

**5,9**





Name \_\_\_\_\_

**Version 1**

**Directions:** Record the coordinates where the five object cards collected during I Spy Round 1 can be found on the coordinate plane. Write the name of the object you collected and the coordinate points where that object is found. Then, locate the objects listed on the sheet and record their

**OBJECT # 1**

**I SPY A(N)** \_\_\_\_\_

( \_\_\_\_\_ , \_\_\_\_\_ )

**OBJECT # 2**

**I SPY A(N)** \_\_\_\_\_

( \_\_\_\_\_ , \_\_\_\_\_ )

**OBJECT # 3**

**I SPY A(N)** \_\_\_\_\_

( \_\_\_\_\_ , \_\_\_\_\_ )

**OBJECT # 4**

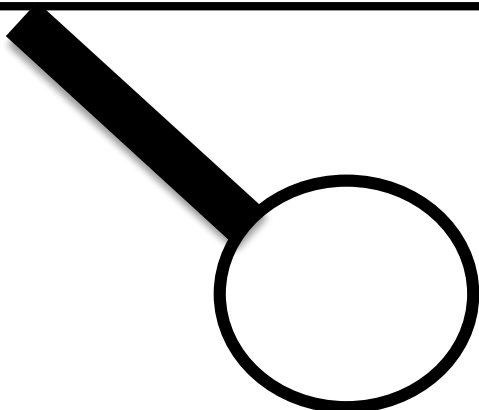
**I SPY A(N)** \_\_\_\_\_

( \_\_\_\_\_ , \_\_\_\_\_ )

**OBJECT # 5**

**I SPY A(N)** \_\_\_\_\_

( \_\_\_\_\_ , \_\_\_\_\_ )



I spy a lollipop. ( \_\_\_\_\_ , \_\_\_\_\_ )

I spy a basketball. ( \_\_\_\_\_ , \_\_\_\_\_ )

I spy an airplane. ( \_\_\_\_\_ , \_\_\_\_\_ )

I spy sunglasses. ( \_\_\_\_\_ , \_\_\_\_\_ )

I spy a colorful object that is found during Easter.

A

I spy an object with wings.

B

I spy a sweet treat on a stick.

C

I spy an animal with whiskers.

D

I spy an object filled with the colors of the rainbow.

E

I spy a food that is made for a dog.

F

I spy a red fruit that grows on trees.

G

I spy a red and white candy.

H

I spy a green fruit that grows on trees.

I

I spy a model of the planet we live on.

J

I spy a food that is  
used to make a special  
kind of butter.

K

I spy an object that  
can be dribbled.

L

I spy a liquid that  
you can drink when  
thirsty.

M

I spy a green candy  
used to blow  
bubbles.

N

I spy a yellow candy  
used to blow  
bubbles.

O

I spy a fast food  
commonly eaten  
with French fries.

P

I spy a vertebrate  
reptile.

Q

I spy an object that  
helps protect the  
eyes.

R

I spy a consonant of  
the alphabet.

S

I spy a blue candy  
used to blow  
bubbles.

T

I spy a sweet treat  
that could give you  
cavities.

u

I spy an object the  
same color as a  
lemon.

v

I spy an animal that  
lives in the ocean.

w

I spy the first vowel  
of the alphabet.

x

I spy an object that  
flies in the wind.

y

I spy an object that  
you can write on.

z

Name \_\_\_\_\_

**Version 2**

**Directions:** Read and solve the I SPY clues below to find the objects on your game board. Once you find the mystery objects, record its (x, y) coordinates.

**N.** ( \_\_\_\_\_ , \_\_\_\_\_ )

**A.** ( \_\_\_\_\_ , \_\_\_\_\_ )

**O.** ( \_\_\_\_\_ , \_\_\_\_\_ )

**B.** ( \_\_\_\_\_ , \_\_\_\_\_ )

**P.** ( \_\_\_\_\_ , \_\_\_\_\_ )

**C.** ( \_\_\_\_\_ , \_\_\_\_\_ )

**Q.** ( \_\_\_\_\_ , \_\_\_\_\_ )

**D.** ( \_\_\_\_\_ , \_\_\_\_\_ )

**R.** ( \_\_\_\_\_ , \_\_\_\_\_ )

**E.** ( \_\_\_\_\_ , \_\_\_\_\_ )

**S.** ( \_\_\_\_\_ , \_\_\_\_\_ )

**F.** ( \_\_\_\_\_ , \_\_\_\_\_ )

**T.** ( \_\_\_\_\_ , \_\_\_\_\_ )

**G.** ( \_\_\_\_\_ , \_\_\_\_\_ )

**U.** ( \_\_\_\_\_ , \_\_\_\_\_ )

**H.** ( \_\_\_\_\_ , \_\_\_\_\_ )

**V.** ( \_\_\_\_\_ , \_\_\_\_\_ )

**I.** ( \_\_\_\_\_ , \_\_\_\_\_ )

**W.** ( \_\_\_\_\_ , \_\_\_\_\_ )

**J.** ( \_\_\_\_\_ , \_\_\_\_\_ )

**X.** ( \_\_\_\_\_ , \_\_\_\_\_ )

**K.** ( \_\_\_\_\_ , \_\_\_\_\_ )

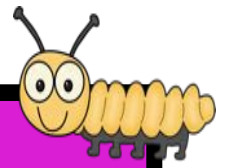
**Y.** ( \_\_\_\_\_ , \_\_\_\_\_ )

**L.** ( \_\_\_\_\_ , \_\_\_\_\_ )

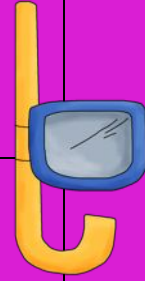
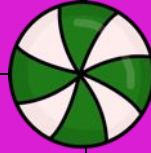
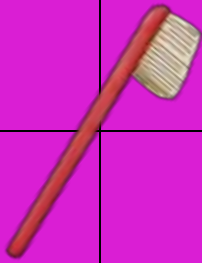
**Z.** ( \_\_\_\_\_ , \_\_\_\_\_ )

**M.** ( \_\_\_\_\_ , \_\_\_\_\_ )

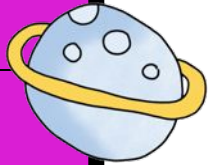
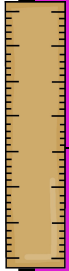
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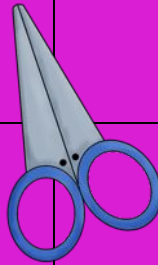
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7



6



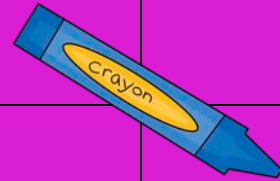
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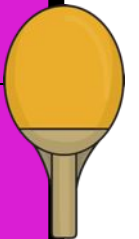
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3



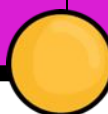
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1



0



0

1

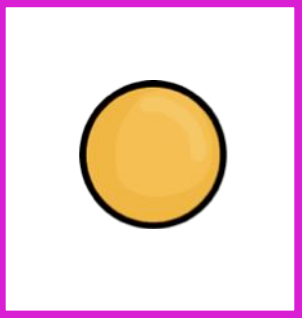
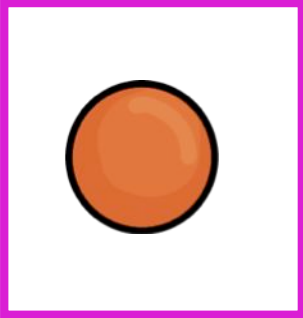
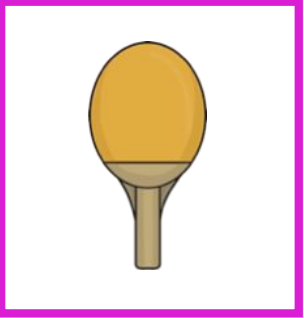
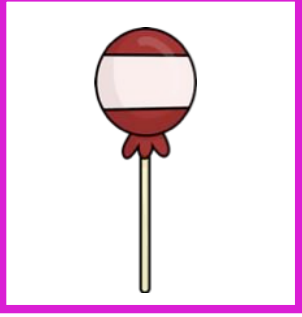
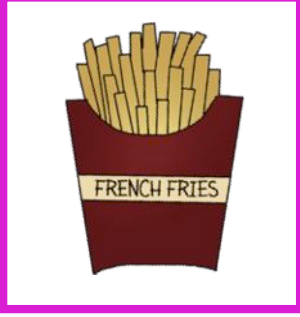
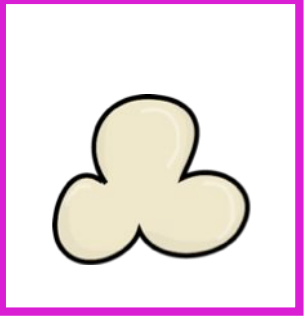
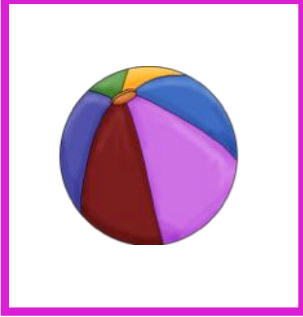
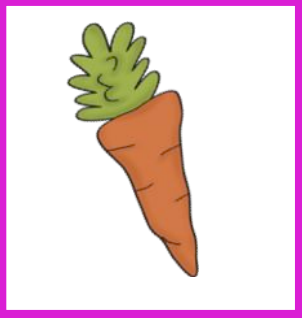
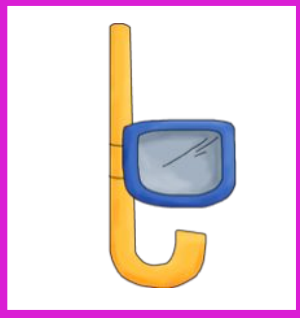
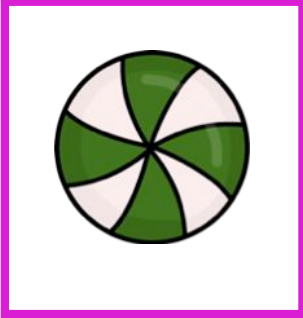
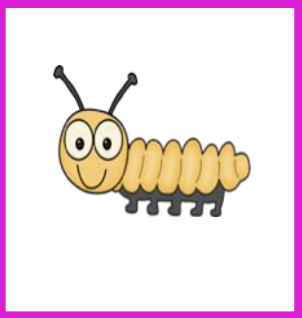
2

840

3

4

5



Name \_\_\_\_\_

**Version 1**

**Directions:** Record the coordinates where the five object cards collected during I Spy Round 1 can be found on the coordinate plane. Write the name of the object you collected and the coordinate points where that object is found. Then, locate the objects listed on the sheet and record their

**OBJECT # 1**

**I SPY A(N)** \_\_\_\_\_

( \_\_\_\_\_ , \_\_\_\_\_ )

**OBJECT # 2**

**I SPY A(N)** \_\_\_\_\_

( \_\_\_\_\_ , \_\_\_\_\_ )

**OBJECT # 3**

**I SPY A(N)** \_\_\_\_\_

( \_\_\_\_\_ , \_\_\_\_\_ )

**OBJECT # 4**

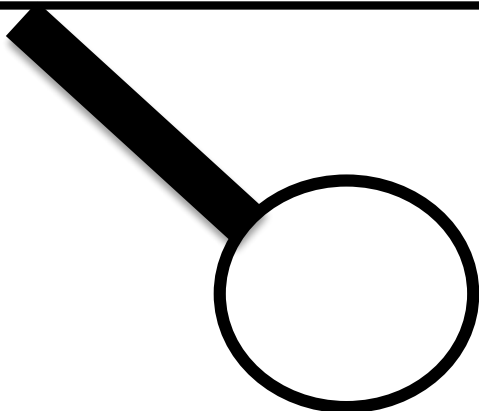
**I SPY A(N)** \_\_\_\_\_

( \_\_\_\_\_ , \_\_\_\_\_ )

**OBJECT # 5**

**I SPY A(N)** \_\_\_\_\_

( \_\_\_\_\_ , \_\_\_\_\_ )



I spy French fries. ( \_\_\_\_\_ , \_\_\_\_\_ )

I spy a lollipop. ( \_\_\_\_\_ , \_\_\_\_\_ )

I spy a calculator. ( \_\_\_\_\_ , \_\_\_\_\_ )

I spy a toothbrush. ( \_\_\_\_\_ , \_\_\_\_\_ )

I spy an object  
that helps to solve  
a problem.

A

I spy the second  
consonant of the  
alphabet.

B

I spy an insect  
that builds a  
cocoon.

C

I spy an object  
that helps keep  
your teeth clean.

D

I spy a green and  
white candy.

E

I spy an object that  
helps you breathe  
underwater.

F

I spy a vegetable  
that grows in the  
ground.

G

I spy an object that  
orbits around the  
Sun.

H

I spy an object that  
is inflated with a  
gas.

I

I spy a toy with all  
colors of the  
rainbow.

J

I spy an object  
that can trim and  
cut something.

K

I spy a food that is  
made from corn.

L

I spy a sweet treat  
commonly found  
at a carnival.

M

I spy a fast food  
commonly eaten  
with a hamburger.

N

I spy a sweet treat  
on a stick.

O

I spy an object that  
is hit with a bat.

P

I spy an animal  
with whiskers and  
stripes.

Q

I spy an object that  
helps carry items to  
school.

R

I spy an object that  
that is colored blue.

S

I spy an object that  
is used to hit a ping-  
pong ball.

T

I spy an orange  
candy used to  
blow a bubble.

u

I spy an object  
that uses the wind  
to cross water.

v

I spy a yellow  
candy used to  
blow a bubble.

w

I spy an object  
that is used to  
measure.

x

I spy an object  
that is used to  
write.

y

I spy a plant with  
pink petals.

z

Name \_\_\_\_\_

**Version 2**

**Directions:** Read and solve the I SPY clues below to find the objects on your game board. Once you find the mystery objects, record its (x, y) coordinates.

**A.** ( \_\_\_\_\_ , \_\_\_\_\_ )

**N.** ( \_\_\_\_\_ , \_\_\_\_\_ )

**B.** ( \_\_\_\_\_ , \_\_\_\_\_ )

**O.** ( \_\_\_\_\_ , \_\_\_\_\_ )

**C.** ( \_\_\_\_\_ , \_\_\_\_\_ )

**P.** ( \_\_\_\_\_ , \_\_\_\_\_ )

**D.** ( \_\_\_\_\_ , \_\_\_\_\_ )

**Q.** ( \_\_\_\_\_ , \_\_\_\_\_ )

**E.** ( \_\_\_\_\_ , \_\_\_\_\_ )

**R.** ( \_\_\_\_\_ , \_\_\_\_\_ )

**F.** ( \_\_\_\_\_ , \_\_\_\_\_ )

**S.** ( \_\_\_\_\_ , \_\_\_\_\_ )

**G.** ( \_\_\_\_\_ , \_\_\_\_\_ )

**T.** ( \_\_\_\_\_ , \_\_\_\_\_ )

**H.** ( \_\_\_\_\_ , \_\_\_\_\_ )

**U.** ( \_\_\_\_\_ , \_\_\_\_\_ )

**I.** ( \_\_\_\_\_ , \_\_\_\_\_ )

**V.** ( \_\_\_\_\_ , \_\_\_\_\_ )

**J.** ( \_\_\_\_\_ , \_\_\_\_\_ )

**W.** ( \_\_\_\_\_ , \_\_\_\_\_ )

**K.** ( \_\_\_\_\_ , \_\_\_\_\_ )

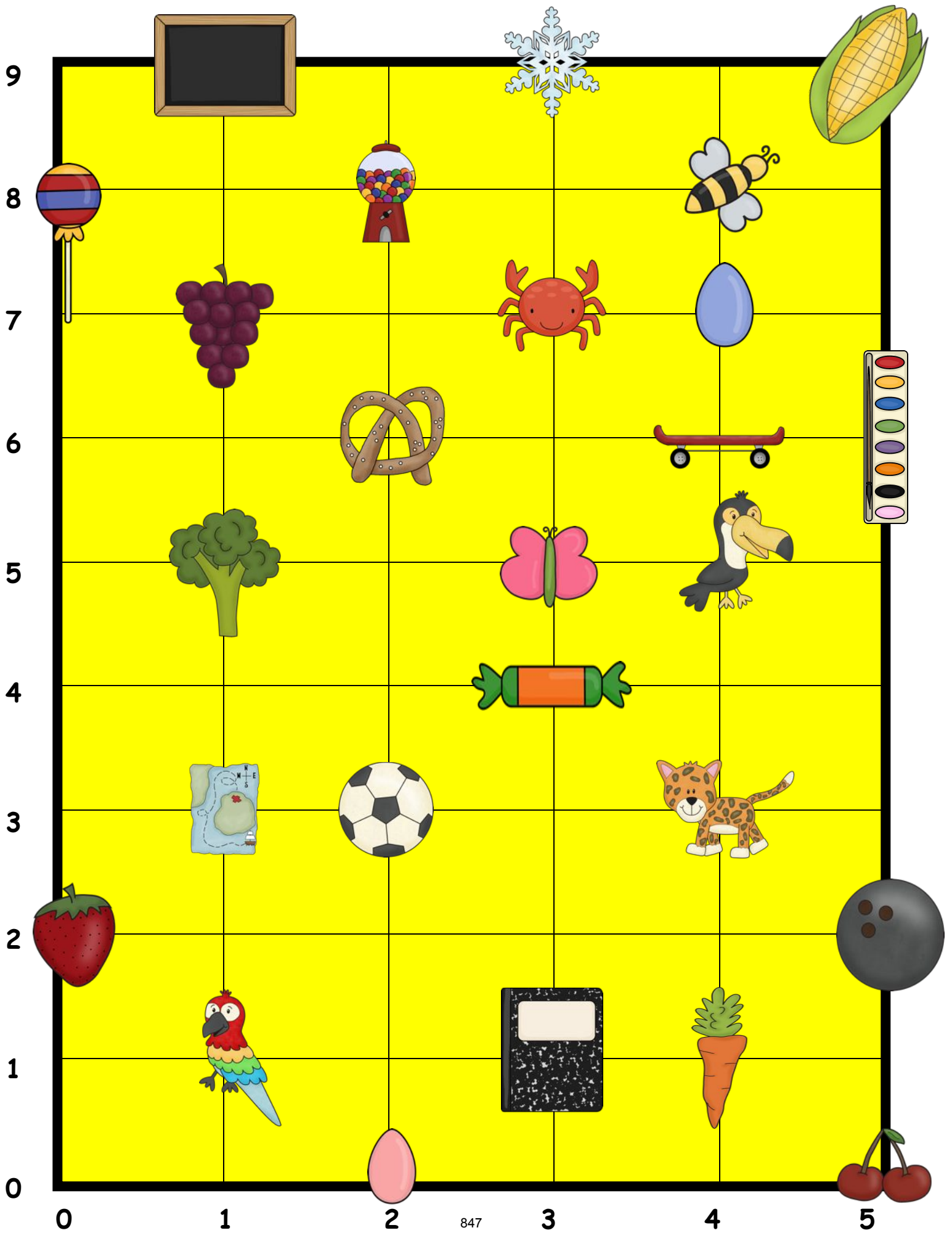
**X.** ( \_\_\_\_\_ , \_\_\_\_\_ )

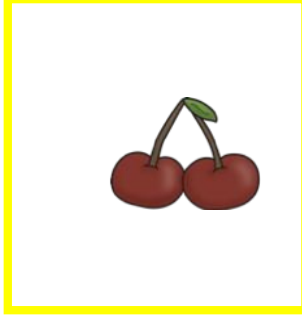
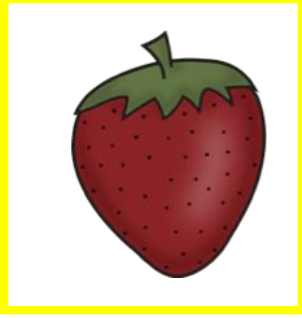
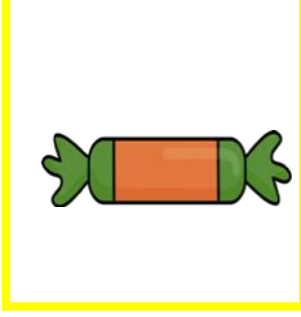
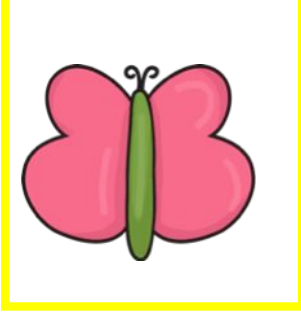
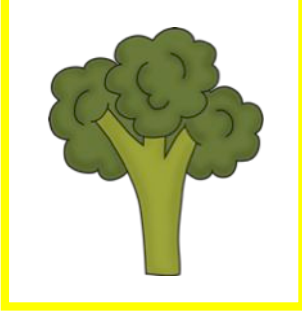
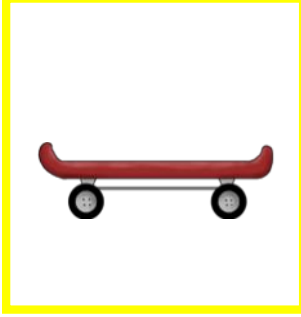
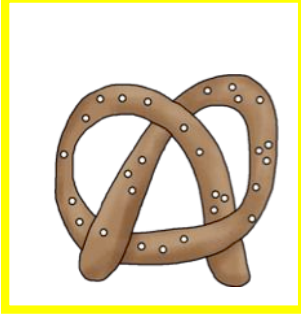
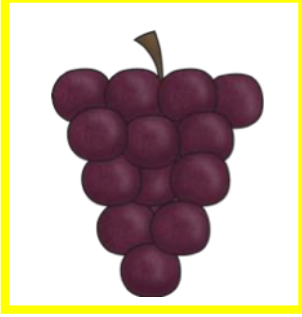
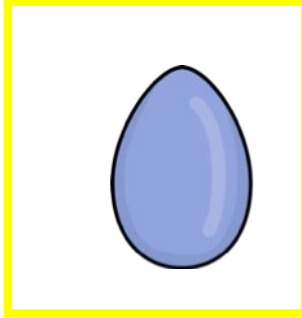
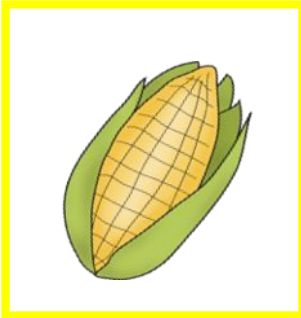
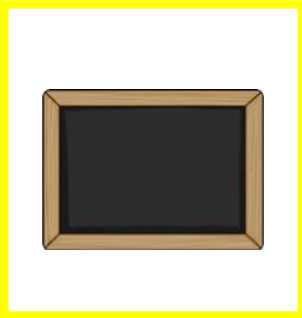
**L.** ( \_\_\_\_\_ , \_\_\_\_\_ )

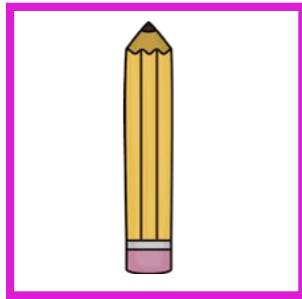
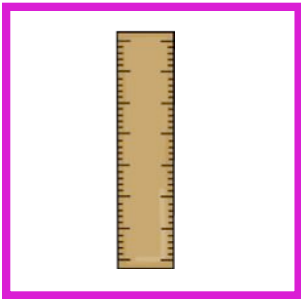
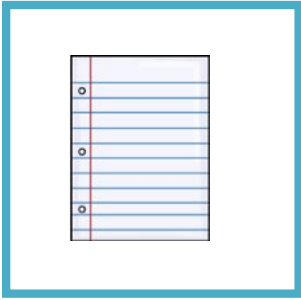
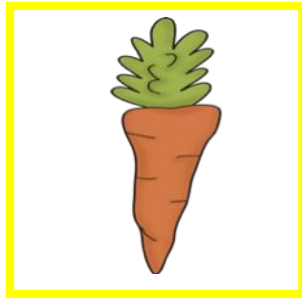
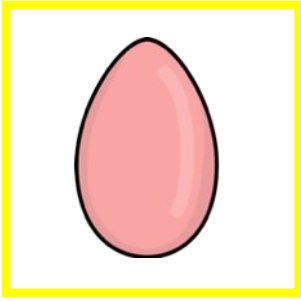
**Y.** ( \_\_\_\_\_ , \_\_\_\_\_ )

**M.** ( \_\_\_\_\_ , \_\_\_\_\_ )

**Z.** ( \_\_\_\_\_ , \_\_\_\_\_ )







Name \_\_\_\_\_

**Version 1**

**Directions:** Record the coordinates where the five object cards collected during I Spy Round 1 can be found on the coordinate plane. Write the name of the object you collected and the coordinate points where that object is found. Then, locate the objects listed on the sheet and record their

**OBJECT # 1**

**I SPY A(N)** \_\_\_\_\_

( \_\_\_\_\_ , \_\_\_\_\_ )

**OBJECT # 2**

**I SPY A(N)** \_\_\_\_\_

( \_\_\_\_\_ , \_\_\_\_\_ )

**OBJECT # 3**

**I SPY A(N)** \_\_\_\_\_

( \_\_\_\_\_ , \_\_\_\_\_ )

**OBJECT # 4**

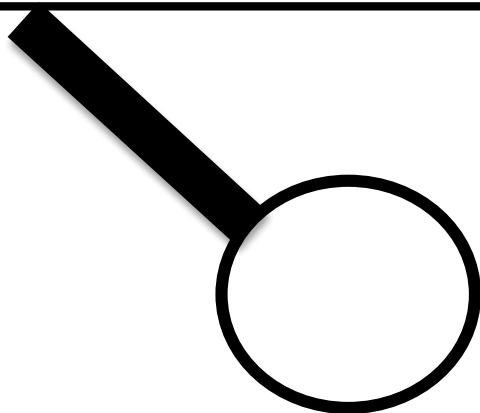
**I SPY A(N)** \_\_\_\_\_

( \_\_\_\_\_ , \_\_\_\_\_ )

**OBJECT # 5**

**I SPY A(N)** \_\_\_\_\_

( \_\_\_\_\_ , \_\_\_\_\_ )



I spy a snowflake. ( \_\_\_\_\_ , \_\_\_\_\_ )

I spy a chalkboard. ( \_\_\_\_\_ , \_\_\_\_\_ )

I spy a skateboard. ( \_\_\_\_\_ , \_\_\_\_\_ )

I spy a map. ( \_\_\_\_\_ , \_\_\_\_\_ )

I spy an object  
that you can write  
on with chalk.

A

I spy an object  
that you see when  
it is below 32°F.

B

I spy a vegetable  
that grows on a  
stalk.

C

I spy a sweet treat  
on a stick.

D

I spy a machine  
that gives you  
candy.

E

I spy an object  
that flies and can  
sting you.

F

I spy a purple  
fruit that comes in  
bunches.

G

I spy an animal  
with a hard shell.

H

I spy a blue object  
that is seen  
during Easter.

I

I spy a hot food  
made of dough.

J

I spy an object  
that you can ride  
on.

K

I spy an object  
that has all colors  
of the rainbow.

L

I spy a green  
vegetable.

M

I spy an object that  
metamorphoses  
from a caterpillar.

N

I spy a sweet  
candy treat.

O

I spy an object  
that will lead you  
to treasure.

P

I spy an object  
that can score a  
goal.

Q

I spy an object  
with black spots.

R

I spy an object  
that knocks down  
pins.

S

I spy a fruit that is  
covered with  
seeds.

T

I spy a colorful  
bird that likes to  
mimic.

u

I spy an object  
that you can write  
on with a pencil.

v

I spy a vegetable  
that grows in the  
ground.

w

I spy a pink object  
that is seen during  
Easter.

x

I spy a pair of red  
fruits.

y

I spy a bird with a  
large beak.

z

Name \_\_\_\_\_

**Version 2**

**Directions:** Read and solve the I SPY clues below to find the objects on your game board. Once you find the mystery objects, record its (x, y) coordinates.

**A.** ( \_\_\_\_\_ , \_\_\_\_\_ )

**N.** ( \_\_\_\_\_ , \_\_\_\_\_ )

**B.** ( \_\_\_\_\_ , \_\_\_\_\_ )

**O.** ( \_\_\_\_\_ , \_\_\_\_\_ )

**C.** ( \_\_\_\_\_ , \_\_\_\_\_ )

**P.** ( \_\_\_\_\_ , \_\_\_\_\_ )

**D.** ( \_\_\_\_\_ , \_\_\_\_\_ )

**Q.** ( \_\_\_\_\_ , \_\_\_\_\_ )

**E.** ( \_\_\_\_\_ , \_\_\_\_\_ )

**R.** ( \_\_\_\_\_ , \_\_\_\_\_ )

**F.** ( \_\_\_\_\_ , \_\_\_\_\_ )

**S.** ( \_\_\_\_\_ , \_\_\_\_\_ )

**G.** ( \_\_\_\_\_ , \_\_\_\_\_ )

**T.** ( \_\_\_\_\_ , \_\_\_\_\_ )

**H.** ( \_\_\_\_\_ , \_\_\_\_\_ )

**U.** ( \_\_\_\_\_ , \_\_\_\_\_ )

**I.** ( \_\_\_\_\_ , \_\_\_\_\_ )

**V.** ( \_\_\_\_\_ , \_\_\_\_\_ )

**J.** ( \_\_\_\_\_ , \_\_\_\_\_ )

**W.** ( \_\_\_\_\_ , \_\_\_\_\_ )

**K.** ( \_\_\_\_\_ , \_\_\_\_\_ )

**X.** ( \_\_\_\_\_ , \_\_\_\_\_ )

**L.** ( \_\_\_\_\_ , \_\_\_\_\_ )

**Y.** ( \_\_\_\_\_ , \_\_\_\_\_ )

**M.** ( \_\_\_\_\_ , \_\_\_\_\_ )

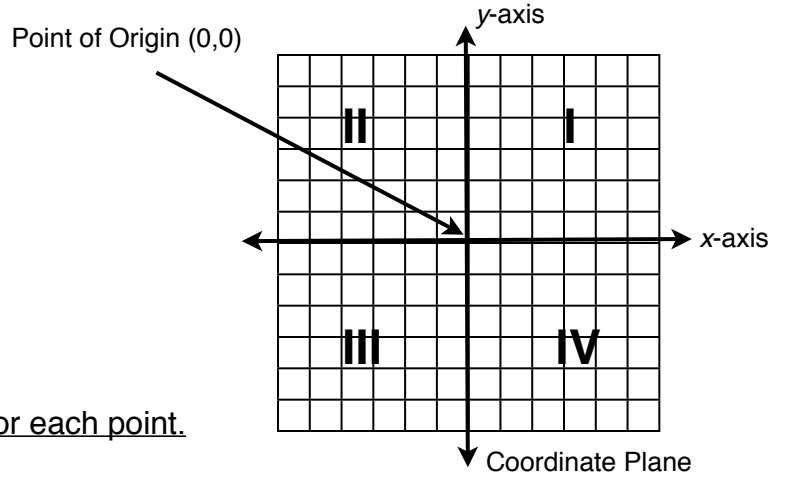
**Z.** ( \_\_\_\_\_ , \_\_\_\_\_ )

# Plotting on a Coordinate Plane

**Directions:** Use the graph for the problems below.

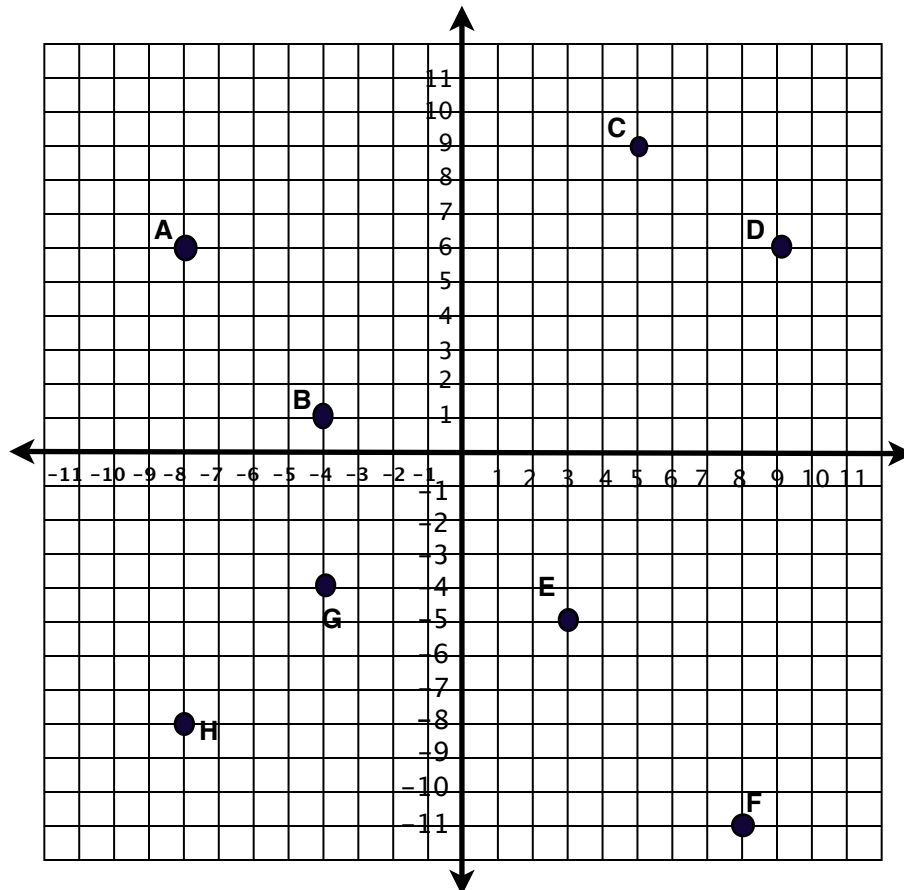
Write the ordered pair for each point.

1. **A** \_\_\_\_\_
2. **C** \_\_\_\_\_
3. **E** \_\_\_\_\_
4. **G** \_\_\_\_\_



Write the letter name for each point.

5. (8, -11) \_\_\_\_\_
6. (9, 6) \_\_\_\_\_
7. (-8, -8) \_\_\_\_\_
8. (-4, 1) \_\_\_\_\_



# Plotting Points

**Directions:** Use the ordered pairs to find the coordinate points in the grid below.

Write the coordinates for each point.

H \_\_\_\_\_

I \_\_\_\_\_

J \_\_\_\_\_

K \_\_\_\_\_

L \_\_\_\_\_

Write the points for each set of coordinates.

(3, -6) \_\_\_\_\_

(4, -7) \_\_\_\_\_

(6, -3) \_\_\_\_\_

(7, -4) \_\_\_\_\_

(6, -7) \_\_\_\_\_

(4, -3) \_\_\_\_\_

(7, -6) \_\_\_\_\_

(3, -4) \_\_\_\_\_

Plot the following points on the grid above, or on a new piece of grid paper and connect the points in order.

- |             |             |
|-------------|-------------|
| A (-11, 11) | F (8, -7)   |
| B (-11, 1)  | G (-7, 9)   |
| C (-9, 1)   | H (-1, 9)   |
| D (-9, 7)   | I (-1, 11)  |
| E (6, -9)   | J (-11, 11) |

What did the coordinates create?

\_\_\_\_\_

Which ordered pair would appear in quadrant II?

- |            |             |
|------------|-------------|
| A. (3, 7)  | B. (-3, -7) |
| C. (-3, 7) | D. (3, -7)  |



# Common Core State Standards

*Educating classrooms one standard at a time.*

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